

# THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. X.—NO. 27.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, JANUARY 6, 1899

\$1.50 PER ANNUM.

## New Year's Announcement!

With the commencement of the New Year we feel it our duty to thank all those who helped to make our six-month's business career in 1898 very satisfactory for us in every respect. We wish to thank those who have favored us with their patronage and hope to deserve a continuance of it during the year upon which we have just entered.

### WE ARE HERE FOR YOUR ACCOMMODATION.

We aim to gain the confidence of new customers by keeping the good will of our old ones. A satisfied customer is a business man's best advertisement. We have many of these and therefore look for great things during the coming year. With your help and our motto, "Best Quality Only," we shall try to excel in the year that is yet unknown.

Shall "The Model Grocery Store" have you as a customer?

**J. J. & A. McLEAN.**

## OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

ROYAL MAIL LINES.

### The Cheapest and Quickest ROUTE

### OLD - COUNTRY !

#### SAILING DATES.

FROM ST. JOHN.  
Labrador-Dominion Line, Jan. 18.  
FROM PORTLAND.  
Mongolian-Allan Line, Jan. 21.  
FROM NEW YORK.  
Majestic-White Star Line, Jan. 11.  
Cymric-White Star Line, Jan. 17.  
Umbria-Canard Line, Jan. 14.  
Kennington-Rail Star Line, Jan. 11.  
Nordland-Rail Star Line, Jan. 18.  
St. Paul-American Line, Jan. 11.  
St. Louis-American Line, Jan. 18.  
State of Nebraska-Allan Line, Jan. 19.

Cabin, \$47.50, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80 and upwards. Intermediate, \$34 and upwards. Steerage, \$24.50 and upwards.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland and at special low rates to all parts of the European continent. Prepaid passage arranged from all points.

W. C. GORDIE, Agent, Moose Jaw.  
Or to WILLIAM STITT, General Agent, C.P.R. Offices, Winnipeg.

## 10 Per Cent Discount.

We have some Holiday Goods still left which we will clear at 10 p.c. discount.

**E. L. COLLING.**

'Xmas 1898. New Year '99.

## OCTAVIUS FIELD

WHOLESALE DEALER & IMPORTER OF WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

Having just received the last direct importation for the season, my stock is now complete in both imported and domestic goods, consisting of the choicest brands of Irish, Scotch and Rye Whiskies, Brandy, London Old Tom and Holland Gins, Rums, Ports, Sherries, Champagnes, Claret, Sauternes, Burgundies, Ginger and Native Wines, Liqueurs and Bitters, Bass' Ale and Guinness' Stout, Cigars, Cigarettes, Etc.

Terms Cash. Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Business hours from 8 to 20 o'clock.

Octavius Field.

## Great Stock-Taking Clearing Sale

Busy Getting Bargains Ready for You!

We must reduce our stock before the end of our financial year, January 31st, and all winter goods will be marked at prices that will clear them.

Come in and Examine Goods On Our Centre Tables.

We also wish to thank our many patrons for past favors and beg to say that we are always open for improvement in any branch of our business that will be in the mutual interests of our customers and selves.

**Robinson and Hamilton.**

P.S.—Quote prices next week; don't forget the big sale. R. & H.

### NOTICE.

Regular meetings of the Farmers' Commercial Union will be held in the Orange Hall, Caron, during the months of January, February and March on the Friday on or before the full moon at 2 o'clock p.m. The February meeting will be the annual meeting. A full attendance is requested. SAM. GETTY, President; Z. BATTEL, Secretary. 27 29p.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE ON TRAINS AT BOOKSTORES 5c

### A NEEDED REFORM

C. P. R. Manager Whyte Addresses Employees on Posting People to Delayed Trains.

The following official circular has been issued by Manager Whyte, to the employees of the Canadian Pacific railway on the lines west of Port William:—  
"Many years ago this company established a reputation for the civility and politeness of employees of all classes towards the travelling and shipping public, which was a very valuable factor in developing the business of the road, and has been most favorably commented upon by all classes. A number of cases which have been brought to my attention of late indicate that there is danger of this enviable reputation being lost by the indifference and sometimes incivility of some employees. One of the most frequent complaints is the difficulty in obtaining information with regard to delayed trains. This, of course, chiefly applies to agents and operators, but the fact that complaint is made on this score does not establish that the agent or operator is always to blame. Sometimes it is the indifference of a train dispatcher in replying to the inquiry of an operator."

"A long lecture on this subject ought not to be necessary. Business courtesy is a most valuable equipment for any man who has dealings with the public in fact, it is an absolute essential. An employee of a railway company should never allow the idea that people cannot travel or ship their freight by any other railway, to have the least weight in his mind in dealing with the patrons of the road. A very large proportion of this company's business depends entirely on the good will of the people, and all concerned, officers, as well as employees, must co-operate to establish and maintain that reputation for Parisian politeness which was of so much value to the C. P. R. in the first days of its existence, and must understand that incivility is an unpardonable offence, and whenever detected will be followed by summary punishment."

### A New Departure.

Dr. Marschall, the celebrated French physician has at last opened his magnificently equipped laboratory in Windsor, Ont. There is a large staff of chemists and physicians at his command, and the men and women of Canada may now procure the advice of this famous specialist free of charge. Dr. Marschall has a world wide reputation for successfully treating all nervous diseases of men and women and you have but to write the doctor to be convinced that your answer when received, is from a man who is entitled to the high position he holds in the medical fraternity.

Why suffer in silence when you can secure the advice of this eminent physician free of charge.

All correspondence is strictly confidential and names are held as secret. Answers to correspondents are mailed in plain envelopes. You are not asked to pay any exorbitant price for medicines, in fact it rarely happens that a patient has expended over 50 cents to one dollar before he or she becomes a firm friend and admirer of the doctor.

A special staff of lady physicians assist Dr. Marschall in his treatment of female cases. Always enclose a three-cent stamp when you write and address the Dr. Marschall Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich. U.S.A. Mention THE MOOSE JAW TIMES when you write the Doctor.

**J. A. McDONALD, BLACKSMITH.**

Manufacturer of McDonald's Weed Destroyer and Cultivator

High Street, West, Moose Jaw, Ass.

### STRAY ANIMALS.

The Official List as Advertised in the Latest N. W. T. Gazette.

#### NOTICES OF STRAY ANIMALS.

On premises of W. T. Harner, Fletwode, Assa., steer, 2 years old, grey, red head and neck.

On premises of G. M. Atkinson, Wishart, Assa., cow, roan, branded heart on right shoulder, indistinct brand on hip, full horns, long tail.

On premises of Farquhar McRae, Brookside, Assa., yearling heifer, red and white.

On premises of A. McArthur, White wood, Assa., since Nov. 12, 1898, heifer, red, legs partly white cut on bottom of left ear.

On premises of John Morrison, Wawota, since May last, yearling steer, red and white, X on left hip.

On premises of W. H. S. Gange, Red Deer Hill, since last summer, yearling heifer, roan.

On premises of D. B. McNeillie, Gleichen, aged gelding, sorrel, low set, D. V. on left thigh, stripe down face.

On premises of Jones & Smart, Saskatchewan Landing, mare, black, star on forehead, irregular brand on right hip, D.C.M. on right shoulder.

On premises of M. McPhee, Calgary, mare, black, white face and white legs.

On premises of Pigott Bros. Cannington Manor, yearling heifer, black and white.

On premises of T. E. Jackson, Birson, mare, 3 years old, dark bay shading to brown, black mane tail and legs, RP on left thigh.

On premises of James Brown, Red Deer Hill, steer, 2 years old, red and white, irregular brand on left hip.

On premises of Chas. Zalkison, Hirsch, since Nov. 1898, 3 yearling heifer calves, 2 red, 1 white; 1 yearling steer, red.

On premises of John Towianka, Sioux Reserve, Fort Qu'Appelle, since Dec. 1, 1898, heifer calf, red, white spot on belly, hole in right ear.

On premises of Wm. Paterson, White Sand, steer, 2 years old, red and white.

On premises of Mrs. E. Hopper, Edmonton, since last spring, steer, 2 years old, red, white feet, white on belly, half of tail white and white forehead.

On premises of Wm. Duke, Edmonton, band of 9 horses, 2 chestnut, 4 bay, 1 roan, 2 black, all branded with circle 2 brand.

On premises of H. M. Lien, Duhamel, since Nov. 1, 1898, steer, white, irregular brand on left thigh.

On premises of B. S. McDonald, Red Deer, steer, 2 years old, brown, white legs, branded on left side, indistinct brand.

On premises of H. Lindsay, Millwood, Man., cow, aged, light yellow.

On premises of Alex. Lebeater, Fort Qu'Appelle, since Nov. 1, 1898, steer calf, roan, no horns; heifer, 2 years old, red, with red calf, no horns; heifer, 2 years old, black, with black calf, no horns; heifer, 3 years old, red, with roan calf, no horns.

With herd of J. R. North, Fort Qu'Appelle, since Nov. 7, 1898, heifer, 2 years old, roan.

On premises of H. B. LeCain, Hyde, since Nov. 3, 1898, white sow, about 4 or 5 months old.

On premises of T. Good, Indian Head, horse, between 7 and 8 years old, grey, about 15 hands; horse, about 9 years old, sorrel, front feet shod, about 16 hands.

On premises of Chas. Ries, Spruce Grove, since Aug. 20, 1898, heifer, white, black head and feet.

On premises of F. J. McPherson, Wawota, two yearling heifers: one red with white spots, and one grey; heifer with split in left ear, red one has no horns.

On premises of Mrs. A. Sharpe, Broadview, yearling steer, white; heifer, 2 years old, red.

On premises of H. J. Fenner, Wetaskiwin, cow, 7 years old, grey roan, stub tail, HJ on left hip.

On premises of John Garry, Yorkton, since May, filly, 2 years old, bay, hind feet white, stripe down face.

On premises of Wm. Spencer, Prince Albert, since October 1 last, heifer, 2 years old, strawberry, irregular brand on left hip.

On premises of Michael Oros, Esterhaz, since Nov. 24, 1898, heifer, 2 years old, red; steer, 7 years old, spotted red and white, long horns.

On premises of Felicier Baujot, Sunny-meads, since Nov. 22, 1898, 2 steers, 3 years old, both red and white, one has white feet, both branded LEB on left hip.

NOTICES OF IMPOUNDED ANIMALS.

On premises of Etienne Doderai, St. Louis, Sask., since last summer, yearling bull, red and white, white forehead.

On premises of Pigott Bros., Cannington Manor, bull calf, red and white, thin rope round neck.

On premises of Andreas Sampert, Brudersheim, yearling bull, red and white.

On premises of H. Powell, Bowden, since Nov. 5, 1898, stallion, buckskin, black mane and tail, white face, one foot white.

Impounded on premises of C. Featherstonhaugh, Qu'Appelle Station, yearling heifer, black.

Impounded on premises of W. Rattray, Broadview, yearling horse colt, dark grey, entire, spot on face; mare, 2 years old, light bay, stripe on face, hind feet white.

Impounded on premises of W. Dawson, Oxbow, Assa., 3 cows, 3 years old, 1 cow 1½ years old; 2 cows red; 2 cows spotted red and white.

NOTICES OF LOST ANIMALS.

Strayed from premises of Jos. Kruppa, Kamsar, since October, 1898: 1 small bay mare, white stripe on face, left hind foot white; H on left hip, had halter on when last seen; one dark bay horse, star on face, spot on nose, left hind foot white, H on right near shoulder. \$5 reward given for information that will lead to their recovery.

### IMPERIAL LIMITED.

C. P. R. to Run a Fast Train From Ocean to Ocean—Other Improvements.

A Montreal dispatch says:—The Canadian Pacific are already making great preparations for the next year's traffic. In the first place, they will run a rapid train across the continent, calling it "The Imperial Limited." The company have just turned out two new dining cars, named the Merrimac and Malabar. All of the C. P. R. dining cars are named after places in Europe. They are also completing ten large compound consolidated engines, weighing 150,000 pounds each, besides ten tenders. The locomotives are being built at the Hochelaga shops, while six of the same kind are being built at Kingston. These are all for the company's freight service, but they also have in hand six large locomotives for fast express trains, between Montreal and Detroit. Six standard snow plows and two large rotarys are being built there by the C. P. R., these being especially intended for clearing out cuts, and it is said they will do the work of a thousand men. The company are also turning out 300 box cars at Perth at the rate of from five to ten per day.

### Hockey.

For a time it was thought that Moose Jaw was to be without a hockey club, but we have been requested this week by a number of hockey enthusiasts to announce a meeting to be held at the Windsor Hotel next Monday night, Jan. 9th, 1899, for the purpose of re-organizing the Moose Jaw Hockey Club. Quite a number of hockey players have come back to Moose Jaw and a strong team could easily be got together.

### Something Worth Having.

The December issue of the Canadian Home Journal, which is the Christmas number, has been enlarged to 33 pages, and contains many excellent, interesting and profitable literary contributions from the pens of well known Canadian writers, while the illustrations are many and good. The issue contains a complete copy with music of that popular song "In the Shadow of the Pines." This is alone worth ten cents, the price of the paper. Each issue of the Canadian Home Journal contains a popular song with music, and our readers, therefore, who want to keep up a stock of popular songs should subscribe for the Journal at \$1.00 per annum.

### The Free Methodists.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.—As the Free Methodists are holding meetings in town it might be of interest to the people to know who they are. The Free Methodists are a body of Christians who profess to be in earnest to get to heaven by conforming to all the will of God as made known in his word. They do not believe that God or the Bible has changed to accommodate the fashionable tendencies of this secular age. They solemnly protest against the union of the church and the world. They look upon practical godliness as the never failing result of a genuine Christian experience, which experience is obtained in the old way—by repentance toward God and faith to our Lord Jesus Christ. In doctrine they are Methodists. They endeavor to promote spirituality and simplicity in worship, as the Bible says, "They that worship him must worship him in spirit and in truth." They believe in the Holy Ghost. As a church they have been in existence over 38 years, and have an aggregate membership of over 10,000. Come to the Central Hall and hear for your self, where service is held each Sabbath at 2:30 p. m. Also on Wednesday evening at 7:30 of next week.

Yours respectfully  
H. H. WILSON.

### Successful Tree Culture.

Mr. Jos. Wylie, of Tregarya settlement while in town this week paid The Leader a visit, and the conversation turning to the changes that have taken place in the Regina district since Mr. Wylie took up land here in 1882, he gave as an instance the change that has been made in the appearance and value of his own farm by a little time and attention directed to tree culture. Mr. Wylie has now on his farm two miles of tree belt, thirty feet wide—Maples and Balm of Gilead. There are some male straight strips, and two half mile belts. The trees are native to the soil of the North West. The Maples were grown from seed and the Balm of Gilead from poles buried in trenches. Part of the belt was planted in 1891 and is now 12 to 15 feet high. The other part started four years ago is now about 8 feet high. These three belts are an advantage in many ways. For one thing Mr. Wylie says they will prevent weed seeds which are carried upon and in the snow far and wide, from getting upon his land. On great use he makes of the trees is in the direction of growing hay. The belts hold the snow and as a result Mr. Wylie cuts a fine crop of hay from a wide strip beside the trees no matter how dry the summer may be. He finds that common clover can be grown in the shelter of the trees. He also has been very successful in growing small fruits—currants, raspberries, etc. In one year he picked 30 pails of raspberries from his bushes which without the shelter of trees might have never grown at all.

Mr. Wylie's experience should be an object lesson to all farmers. Tree culture will not only beautify a farm—and beautify a whole country if largely enough undertaken—but can be made to pay for the time and care devoted to it.—Regina Leader.

OFFICIAL TIME WAGHORN'S GUIDE. 5c

### Swift Current.

Swift Current, Jan. 3rd.—The annual Sunday School Entertainment was held in Knox Church on Tuesday night. Oh the sight that greeted the little folks eyes when the doors were opened at 19:15. Two trees, one on each side of the platform, each loaded with the best that Santa Claus could supply, presented a fine appearance. The concert began at 19:45. Mr. Ackinson in the chair. Early in the programme appeared the Fan Drill led by Mrs. Coons. Suitable words of appreciation now fall me. The Fan Drill was certainly a great success, and Mrs. Coons is to be highly congratulated. The girls and boys looked charming in their pretty uniforms, and carried themselves with grace and ease. After intermission the Christmas Cantata, "The Capture of Santa Claus," was presented. The music in this was excellent, and the whole showed that Mrs. Vaudrieu had taken much time and care in training the children and had reaped rich results from her labors. Mrs. Coons, Mrs. Vaudrieu, and also Mr. Cooper, Mr. Shaw and Mr. Milburn can rest assured that the entertainment was one of the most successful ever held in Swift Current.

Mr. Gangu, Rancher, of Saskatchewan Landing, is in town spending his holidays. The other evening a pleasant and enjoyable time was spent at Mr. and Mrs. Wilson's by a large number of the friends from Swift Current. The dance was all that could be desired, and all left that night with kind words on their lips, and kinder thoughts in their hearts about Mr. Alexander and Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, who had taken so much pains in order that their friends might be merry at this happy season of the year.

A very happy event took place last week when Mr. and Mrs. Barker celebrated their silver wedding. The merry laughter, pleasant voices and elasticity of step of those present can tell best of the spirit of that joyous gathering. The presents given by the guests were many and costly, and were outward manifestations of the high esteem in which Mr. and Mrs. Barker are held by the people of Swift Current. We all join in wishing them a long, prosperous and happy life.

The ball given by Mr. Gangu in the Dining Hall was highly appreciated by all who were present. Mr. Gangu has many friends in Swift Current, and they are always pleased to have a visit from him. They are also glad to learn that he intends in the near future to build a residence in Swift Current and to make his headquarters there.

The new Anglican Church in Swift Current will be opened on Jan. 11th, by Lord Bishop of the diocese. The consecration service will commence at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and the address will be given by the Bishop. There will be service in the evening at 7:30. The sermon it is hoped will be preached by Rev. W. E. Brown, Rector of Regina, or Rev. J. S. Chivers, Vicar of Moose Jaw. There will be a celebration of the Holy Communion at 10:30 on Thursday morning. The collection will be in aid of the Church Building Fund. On Wednesday evening after the service there will be a reception in the C. P. R. Dining Hall to give the people an opportunity of meeting the Bishop and the visiting Clergy. The reception will be from 9 to 11 p. m.

It does Sandy's heart good and makes him feel young again to see everybody so merry at this most appropriate time. He was particularly happy while enjoying the music and dancing at the parties just referred to. If there is one time of the year more than another when people should be joyful, it is at Christmas; and who has blood so cold, heart so hard, or brain so dull as not to feel merry while rousing music is being played, to which young couples of duty, health and beauty keep time as they swing in and out amongst each other in the most bewitching ways. And now, dear reader, Sandy Watson has had his say this week and wishes you from the bottom of his heart a very happy New Year.

### The Diocese of Qu'Appelle.

The Marchioness of Landsdowne last week opened a two days sale of work held, by permission of Lord Brassey at 24, Park Lane, in aid of the clergy endowment fund of the diocese of Qu'Appelle, Canadian North West. Among those present at the ceremony were Bishop Anson, Mrs. Featherstonhaugh, the Hon. Mrs. Henry Johnston, the Dowager Countess of Kingston, the Hon. Mrs. Lowry, the Baroness Macdonald of Earncliffe, Lady Manners, General Montgomery Moore, the Hon. Mrs. Montgomery Moore, Lady Shippard, Mr. Victor Williamson, C. M. G., and Mrs. Burn. Cuthbert Burn, the son of the late Bishop Burn, presented a bouquet to Lady Landsdowne, who then formally declared the sale of work open. Bishop Anson in moving a vote of thanks to her Ladyship, said that the object of the sale of work was to help the fund which was intended to place the work of the church in the diocese of Qu'Appelle in such a position as would enable it to be maintained without the aid of grants from missionary and other societies. He spoke of the needs of the diocese, mentioning that they particularly wanted funds for the building of new churches and for the maintenance of the clergy, in consequence of the reduced grants received from the society for the Propagation of the Gospel. General Montgomery Moore seconded the motion, which was agreed to. A vote of thanks was also passed to Lord Brassey. The sale of work was under the superintendence of Mrs. Burn, who presided at one of the stalls. Instrumental music was provided at intervals.—London Canadian Gazette.

The total number of excursionists who left this district for the east this winter greatly exceeds that of any previous year. During last month over 74 return tickets were sold at the Moose Jaw ticket office as against 33 last year.



## IMPORTANT DECISIONS

### INTERESTING RAT PORTAGE. FORT WILLIAM, FORT ARTHUR.

#### The Port Arthur-Fort William School Case Disposed of in Favor of Fort William.

Toronto, Dec. 29.—Mr. Justice Armour today refused to grant an order commanding the license inspector and license commissioners for the district of Rainy River north to issue a license for the tavern of one Haslam, known as the Club House hotel in Rat Portage. At the same time the judge stated that the license commissioners must exercise their powers judicially, and this court, the high court of justice, could compel them to do so. The commissioners had acted unfairly in rescinding their resolution of September last to grant a license to Haslam for the sole reason that they desired to give it to a subsequent applicant. A license had, however, now been granted and another could not be granted to plaintiff without exceeding the limit allowed by law. The motion therefore was dismissed without costs.

The court of appeal disallowed the appeal of the town of Fort William from the judgment of Judge Falconbridge in favor of Port Arthur high school board for the recovery of \$317.92 and costs from the corporation of Fort William, the said sum being sought as a contribution in respect of sixteen children living in Fort William, who attended the Port Arthur high school. Judge Falconbridge had also directed, in default of payment within sixty days, that a mandamus should issue against the mayor and corporation of Port Arthur, requiring them to pass a resolution directing the treasurer to pay the sum out of the fund of the corporation, and is necessary to levy the amount. The court of appeals disallowed the appeal and dismissed the action against the individual defendants, without costs, defendant corporation to pay the plaintiff's cost of appeal.

#### In Memory of Sir John.

Toronto, Dec. 29.—A number of leading Conservatives of the city, including all the local members of the commons and legislature, decided tonight to organize a league to perpetuate the memory of Sir John Macdonald. It will probably be known as the Red Rose league, but this is not certain. The objects of the organization were declared by a resolution to be:

1. To honor and perpetuate the memory of the late Right Honorable Sir John A. Macdonald.
2. To firmly establish that British Canadian national sentiment, and the policy founded thereon, which was so peculiarly his life-work. This meeting pledges itself to promote the formation of such an organization. A committee was appointed to arrange details calling a convention to adopt a platform.

#### SPRINGS A SENSATION.

##### Czuby Declared Wasyl Guszczak Murdered the Four Children.

Winnipeg, Man., Dec. 29.—The preliminary inquiry into the Sturthurn murders came to a sensational conclusion yesterday afternoon, when Wasyl Guszczak, who had been in the witness stand nearly all day, was arrested and charged with being implicated in the murder. The prisoner Czuby, surprised even the prosecution by telling an entirely new version of the tragedy, according to which Guszczak not only suggested the murder of Bojocko, but with his own hands murdered the five children, shooting two of them and killing the other with an axe. This version appealed very strongly to all who had followed Guszczak's evidence, which was most unsatisfactory throughout. He did not satisfactorily explain just why he sold the revolver to Czuby, and at different stages in his evidence it was inferentially evident that he knew much more about the crime than he was telling. There is reason to believe that Czuby would have remained silent and accepted the full onus of the crime had not Guszczak, in his eagerness to clear himself, told too many lies about the revolver. These apparently angered the old man, for though he did not mind being stigmatized as a murderer, he objected in the strongest possible manner to being continually referred to as a liar.

During the progress of the old man's second confession, Guszczak remained an impassive and stolid listener, and until he was being searched after his arrest, did he fully realize that he was in a serious position. Then he blubbered and protested in querulous tones that he had nothing to do with it.

At the morning session, Miss Regina Yeo told intelligently the story of the first confession.

#### Tried to Break Jail.

Walkerton, Dec. 29.—Robert King, arrested in Paisley last Friday upon information furnished by the Pinkerton National Detective association, made a futile attempt at jail breaking here today. The turnkey had occasion to visit the prisoner a little earlier than usual this evening and discovered that King had removed the bars of his cell and the only thing between him and liberty was a common door lock that would have been easily forced. The arrival of the turnkey is all that interfered with the prisoner escaping. Extraordinary proceedings take place Saturday before Judge Barrett and the importance of the case is shown by the fact that witnesses are coming from Chicago, Rock Rapids, Iowa, and Washington.

## Telegraphic Brevities.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 30.—One of the features of the meeting today of the American Historical association was an address delivered by Prof. Cunningham of Cambridge University, England.

Quebec, Dec. 30.—The government duty payable by the estate of the late Robert Hamilton amounts to some \$53,000. A statement has been prepared and the amount is ready for the provincial treasury.

Ottawa, Dec. 30.—A private dispatch received in Ottawa today states that Lord Strathcona is suffering from an attack of la grippe at his home in Montreal.

Montreal, Dec. 30.—John James Day, father of the Montreal bar, and probably the oldest lawyer on the continent, died here today, at the age of ninety-three.

Toronto, Dec. 30.—The mayoralty contest is already half over before there is any sign of its existence. Not one public meeting has been held and only one has been called, and that in behalf of E. A. Macdonald, who has reserved the Massey Hall for Friday evening. The general opinion is that Mayor Shaw will be elected.

San Francisco, Dec. 30.—Jim Jeffries, the heavy-weight fighter, has been matched to box twenty rounds with Joe Kennedy, of this city, under the auspices of the National club, on January 27. The purse will consist of sixty per cent. of the gate receipts.

London, Dec. 30.—The Press association announces that the Duke of York will probably be made a rear admiral before the squadron of the United States warships, which is expected to visit Europe, reached Spithead, in whose reception, it is added, the Duke will take a prominent part.

St. Thomas, Dec. 30.—D. McIntyre, the Liberal candidate in East Elgin, is appealing to the court of appeal from the decision of the election judges by which Brower, Conservative, was confirmed in his seat.

Hamilton, Dec. 30.—At a meeting of the Baron lodge, A. F. & A. M., last night, Past Grand Master Wm. Gibson, M. P., was presented on behalf of the Grand Lodge of Canada with a beautiful illuminated address and a casket of silverware.

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 27.—"Black" Griffo was defeated today at the Trenton Athletic club in the fourteenth round by Jack Waldron. The men fought at catch weights.

Rome, Dec. 27.—High mass was celebrated in St. Peter's on Sunday. The pope received a number of women from New York, who presented to him a parchment address bearing many signatures and a purse of \$10,000.

Kingston, Jamaica, Dec. 27.—The new pier at Victoria market which was built for the accommodation of tourist steamers and foreign warships, was opened today. The German training ship Moltke, which is now cruising in West Indian waters, participated in the opening ceremonies.

Vancouver, Dec. 27.—Rain dulled Christmas day on the Pacific coast and kept people indoors. The Indian mission across the other side of Burrard Inlet hailed Christmas morning with its usual cannonade from the old muzzlers that keep watch over the village.

Vancouver, Dec. 27.—It is recorded that Mr. J. R. Marian, of this city, has been promoted to the office of the Canada Permanent as assistant manager, while Mr. W. Strathy, of Winnipeg, will fill the vacant post in Vancouver.

Shelburne, N. S., Dec. 27.—The United States American fishing schooner Edith Prior, of Gloucester, arrived in this harbor having in tow the barge, David Wallace, which she picked up abandoned at sea. The barge is one of two which left for New York December fifth in tow of the steamer Argon. The other barge San Diego, was previously reported set on fire and abandoned.

Budapest, Dec. 27.—Owing to the failure of the seconds to agree upon conditions, it has been decided to abandon the proposed duel between Baron Banffy, the Hungarian premier, and Deputy Meransky, of the opposition in the lower house of the Hungarian parliament, who in the course of last Friday's debate upon the government's policy called the premier an imposter, cheat, and traitor.

London, Dec. 27.—Christmas day here was marked by bright and mild weather. An unprecedented mail was received from Liverpool, compelling the re-inforcement of the post office staffs. The receipts filled 2,200 sacks from Canada and the United States.

Chicago, Dec. 27.—The Episcopal church of the Ascension has been damaged \$20,000 by fire. The edifice is widely known as Father Larrabee's church. No other church in the west has more advanced ritualistic services and furnishings. The fire started from an overheated furnace.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—Bishop William E. McLaren of the diocese of Chicago has accepted the mission to Porto Rico to investigate the field there for promotion of the Episcopal church entire interests, as delegated to him by the Episcopal conference in Washington. He will start for the new island possession some time before the winter is over.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 27.—The announcement made several days ago that overtures had been made to the Cleveland Rolling Mills company for the purchase of its big plant by the Wire Trust, has been confirmed. The Cleveland Rolling Mill plant is among the largest in the country and employs from 3,000 to 5,000 men.

The extra sleep obtained by the use of a mosquito bar is so much net gain.

## FILIPINOS ARE LOYAL

### REFUSE TO CONSIDER OVERTURES FROM FRANCE AND GERMANY.

#### A New Filipino Cabinet—Personnel of the New Ministry—The Insurgents Now Occupy Iloilo.

Manila, Dec. 29.—The details regarding the occupation of Iloilo by the insurgents have just been received here. The American expedition commanded by Brigadier-General Miller, arrived there yesterday and found that the Spaniards had evacuated the place on Saturday, on board the steamer Churruar and had been transferred to the Island of Linao, in accordance with the agreement arrived at with the insurgents. The latter entered Iloilo and occupied the trenches on Monday. They immediately established a municipal government and placed guards over foreign property. The insurgents are fairly quiet and orderly, although there was some looting at night, but five natives were shot which had an exemplary effect upon the rest. The only foreign warship in the harbor was the German second class cruiser Irene.

The new Filipino cabinet is composed as follows: President of the cabinet and minister of foreign affairs, Mabani; minister of war, Luna; minister of the interior, Araneta; minister of agriculture and commerce, Buonicamino.

London, Dec. 29.—The correspondent of the Globe, writing from Hong Kong on November 26, says: It would be a great misfortune, if through hasty action or ignorance of the actual state of affairs, the Filipino natives should rise against the Americans. Hitherto, although the Americans have often given great provocation, the Filipinos have shown great forbearance and a strong dislike to come to blows. They do not want to fight and if the Americans would only meet them half way all would go well. There is much to be gained by a just, statesmanlike settlement with the natives, while there will undoubtedly be great losses through a continuance of arbitrary treatment. The just aspirations of the people ought to be taken into consideration, and I believe it would be if only proper men were sent out by the president to settle the question of the future government of the islands on the spot, after a proper deliberation and a very careful investigation. Such a commission would discover that the Filipino leaders have been loyal to the Americans. I am now informed that they have refused to consider overtures made by Germany and France.

New York, Dec. 29.—A dispatch to the Herald from Manila says: Admiral Dewey considers it absolutely necessary that a first-class statesman be sent to Manila to thoroughly investigate the situation here and to ascertain the aspirations of the Filipino Republicans. He further states that the United States must accept their responsibilities in the Philippines which have been acquired by conquest. If they should shirk this duty they would put themselves back two hundred years in the world's history.

Col. Kimball, of the quarter-master's department, in the army building, received orders from the war department to secure at once an iron ship of from 1,000 to 1,200 tons for use as a cable ship to lay cables to connect the islands in the Philippines. The department has ordered for this purpose 166 miles of marine cable weighing 525 tons.

#### Fire at Port Dalhousie.

St. Catharines, Jan. 2.—Shortly after nine o'clock this morning fire broke out in the boiler room of the Toronto Rubber Shoe factory at Port Dalhousie and despite every effort rapidly spread throughout the main building. The factory is one of the largest in town and employed nearly three hundred hands. The flames soon spread to the large flour and grist mill, owned by Richard Wood, of St. Catharines, and this also was soon a complete wreck. Both buildings were frame and filled with very inflammable material. The fire was a fierce one and soon not even a chimney or stick of timber was left standing. For some time the large elevator across the harbor was in great danger from cinders. The large buildings belonging to the government where the lock-gates for the Welland canal are built, was also in great danger. The main buildings escaped with a slight scorching, but about 11 o'clock, when all danger was thought to be over, the large frame blacksmith shop in the government gate yard suddenly burst into flames, again endangering the main buildings, but the fire was confined to this one building which was destroyed. The large pontoon used for raising and placing the lock-gates, in position were frozen in the ice close to the latter building, and had a very narrow escape from destruction. When the fire broke out in the rubber factory a strong wind was blowing and a large quantity of naphtha and oil quickly caught fire exploding and scattering fire in all directions. The factory was full of employees at the time, a large number of whom were girls and an exciting time followed. Some had very narrow escapes, but all got out without accident. Port Dalhousie has no fire apparatus. St. Catharines was telephoned for assistance, but owing to the almost impossible condition of the roads the engine could not be sent down. The rubber factory was the mainstay of Port Dalhousie. The loss on Wood's flour mill will be about \$75,000, insured for \$4,350. The loss on the rubber factory will be between \$75,000 and \$100,000.

Madrid, Dec. 27.—The condition of Prime Minister Sagasta, who is suffering from bronchial pneumonia, is announced this morning to be more serious.

## Christmas at New York.

New York, Dec. 27.—With holly-decked churches, clear skies overhead, and nearly the whole world of the city at home, the Christmas Sunday that comes occasionally, was observed in this city yesterday. The clear day caused the churches of all denominations to be filled from early morning until night. The musical services were unusually attractive. The special solemnity in the ritualistic churches, the brightening of the programmes in the other churches and the elaborate decorations of houses of worship generally helped bring the people to them. The day was observed, too, by singing and social societies with more than the usual number of festivals. Although not a legal holiday today will be observed as a holiday in a number of business houses.

#### Snow Causes a Wreck.

Toronto, Dec. 27.—The Canadian Pacific train out of Owen Sound this morning, due here at noon, met with a slight accident. It was drawn by two engines on account of the snow and encountered a broken rail a short distance out of Owen Sound. One engine passed over it, but the other engine with the baggage car left the track. The track was blocked for some hours, but no one was hurt. The snow is causing considerable delay and trouble all over and the snow plows are kept busily at work.

#### Cubans in Havana.

Havana, Dec. 28.—The patrol of American troops made thirty arrests for misdemeanors last night and turned them over to the civil authorities. The two men arrested for the Vegas Bomba affair were Spanish marines. They were surrendered to the Spanish authorities. Fifty United States soldiers have been arrested for being in the city without leave. They were sent to the camps for punishment. A detachment of 100 Cubans, under command of Colonel Jose Estrane, have entered Havana and the men are quartered at the Dragones barracks.

#### Slaughter at a Dance.

Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 28.—Edward Winnie, a young miner, attended a Christmas dance at Deloitte on Monday. Mary Lowe refused to dance with him because he was intoxicated. Leaving the dance hall he armed himself with an axe, and swore to kill everyone present. He proceeded to execute the threat by chopping down the dancers right and left. George Murray, who was dancing with the Lowe girl, was killed, his head being split open. Mary Lowe had her shoulder broken and her skull fractured. John Davis had his breast cut open, and can scarcely recover. Some one in the crowd shot Winnie, and he fell mortally wounded. Winnie was brought to jail here yesterday and is still unconscious.

## DIED FOR SPAIN.

#### A Member of the Havana Police Was Killed by Cubans.

Havana, Dec. 28.—This afternoon a Spaniard named Fernandez, a member of the municipal police, was surrounded by a crowd of Cubans in Bomba street. Cuban and United States flags were waved in his face, his rifle was twisted out of his hands and half a hundred men yelled to him "Shout Cuba Libre, or die." Fernandez threw up his arms as if to assent and then, when the mob had quieted down to hear what he had to say, he cried out in clear tones, "Viva Espana, viva Espana," three knives were thrust into him and to-night he is dying.

It is a favorite sport among the Cuban young men to stop in the streets and persons supposed to be pro-Spanish and make them kiss the Cuban flag and cry "Viva Cuba Libre." Sometimes these incidents have their humorous features, but quite as often the victims are viciously threatened. To-day a fight was started by some Cubans carrying United States and Cuban flags, who declared that they had been insulted by Spanish marines. A Cuban drew a pistol and declaring that he would defend the United States flag, fired. Other shots followed. According to unofficial reports a Spanish soldier was killed, a Spanish marine fatally wounded and at least one other, if not several, hurt.

#### THE COTTAGE CITY

##### Arrives at Victoria With News From Dawson City.

Victoria, Dec. 29.—The steamer Cottage City arrived this morning from Skagway. She had twelve miners from Dawson City, and brings news of a new find in the old bed of El Dorado Creek. Harry Keishabam is under arrest at Wrangell for the murder of an Indian. On Wednesday last Ed Fay, of Skagway, who killed a miner and a deputy marshal last summer, was found guilty of manslaughter on his second trial.

Mr. Geiger of this city has just returned from Bennett. During his stay there he and some others found J. C. Thompson, a miner, on the ice. He had eaten nothing or some days and was very much exhausted. The party saw him through a telescope stumbling on the ice and rescued him. He could not speak or several days afterwards.

News comes from Skagway that Andrew Roria, of Astoria, Oregon, for the past year packer on the Chilkoot lake, was drowned on December 21st by the capsizing of a row boat while making the trip from Dyea to Skagway.

News comes from Courtenay that H. C. Lucas, a Comox baker, is charged by the customs authorities with having smuggled goods from the ships of H. M. navy at Comox. Lucas, who is bread contractor, appeared before the customs collector, Roe, and was fined \$200 and costs.

## CUBANS ARE LAWLESS

### A RFGION OF TERROR EXISTING IN AND ABOUT HAVANA.

#### Several Persons, Including Women and Children, Shot at From Windows and House-tops.

Havana, Dec. 27.—Senor De Castro, the civil governor of Havana, acting in accord with General Ludlow, has issued an order forbidding any further firing of fire arms or the exploding of fire-crackers in the public thoroughfares. He also prohibits the assembling of crowds in the streets or parks after 6.30 p. m.; orders the closing of all places of entertainment, including the theatres and cafes, at 11 p. m.; forbids people taking part in certain African dances, in which the participants are dressed in devil costume; forbids the meetings of Nangos and forbids all manifestations which may produce conflicts between the Cubans and Spaniards or between Spaniards and Americans. Those who violate these orders are threatened with severe punishment.

A detachment of United States artillerymen was admitted to Cabanas fortress today by request of Brigadier General Clous, in order that the men might familiarize themselves with the guns mounted there, so as to be able to salute the Spanish flag on January 1.

The Havana wards which have already been evacuated were the scenes of noisy celebrations today. A cab driver was shot last night for refusing to enter the territory within Spanish jurisdiction with Cuban and United States flags on his vehicle; an omnibus driver and two women were shot by Nangos today and the body of a lieutenant of guerrillas has been found near Seiba de Agua, this province. He was taken from the town by a band of Cubans and killed. The Spanish alcalde of Seiba Abdua has arrived here and his son has advised him not to return or he will be killed. Several guerrillas are reported to have been killed at Sancti Spiritus after the evacuation of that place by the Spaniards and before the United States occupation of the town. Four Spaniards, residents of San Luis, province of Pinar del Rio, have arrived here, saying they fear they will be killed by the Cubans.

The Spanish troops today still further contracted their lines and withdrew to the extremity of the peninsula, on which the city of Havana is built. They now occupy scarcely two square miles. The United States troops have moved from the suburbs into the city proper and tonight are patrolling Central park and the Prado. The whole population is in a state of unrest, the Spanish residents fearful, the Cubans eager to do something to show they have gained their freedom. Bands of Cubans freely enter the residences of Spaniards, call upon them to hoist United States and Cuban flags and to shout "Viva Cuba Libre," and terrify them with their machetes. A dozen such cases were reported to the United States authorities. In all such instances United States guards were promptly sent to the houses invaded, but the Cubans were invariably missing when the patrol arrived. Nor was there any such thing as catching the offenders. No attention whatever is paid to the order against discharging fire-crackers; while pistols are fired in the streets almost continually. Three persons have been killed and twenty-nine wounded, among the latter three women and two children. The shooting has been for the most part indiscriminate. A Spanish company that was retiring from Port Principe was deliberately fired upon from a private residence. Lieutenant Blout, the United States officer who was escorting the Spaniards, broke into the house, but the occupants fled to the adjoining roofs.

A crowd of negroes entered a Spanish cafe on the Calle Villegas, corner of Bomba street, late this evening and ordered drinks. They refused to pay for them, and in the dispute which followed the proprietor of the cafe and his assistant were stabbed. Sergeant Adams, with fifteen men of Company M of the Tenth Regulars, hurried to stop the row. On entering the cafe, however, they found no one in the room, but a minute or two later they were fired upon from a room in the rear of the cafe, one bullet cutting the coat of Sergeant Adams. The patrol then broke into the rear apartment, firing as they entered, and chased the negroes out of the building and down the street, arresting four. Sergt. Adams says that none of the negroes were hit by his men; but according to other reports, one was killed and six wounded.

#### Sultana Not Sold.

Toronto, Dec. 28. The following letter from Mr. John Caldwell, owner of the Sultana mine, near Rat Portage, appears in the Mail and Empire, today:

"In your paper of the 19th inst. is an account, received from certain parties in Ottawa, of the sale of the Sultana mine. I wish to state most emphatically that the mine is not sold, nor has any one option or power of attorney to sell it, nor have I seen or had anything to do with the prospectus referred to. In fact most of the article is entirely false and has been sent to you for publication without my knowledge or approval."

#### Said to Have Failed.

Abilene, Kas., Dec. 28.—Word has reached Abilene that the Catline Brothers, bankers and extensive stock feeders of Miltonvale, have failed with liabilities that will run from \$300,000 to \$500,000. The bank closed its doors Saturday.

## Lutheran Conference.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 27.—A general conference of Lutherans, the first meeting of the kind ever held in this country, the delegates representing the general council, the general synod and the United synod of the South, began in St. John's Lutheran church here today. The conference will continue until Thursday afternoon, and the proceedings are expected to have an important bearing upon the future of the Lutheran church.

## MURDERER CAPTURED.

James C. Dunham, Who Killed a Whole Family in 1896, Arrested in Chicago.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 27.—There is under arrest in this city a man whom the police have strong reason to believe is James C. Dunham, for whom there is a reward of \$11,000 offered, dead or alive, at San Jose, Cal. He was picked up here by Detective Louis Wolfe, of the local force, as a suspicious character, he having offered a lot of goods for sale at about 20 per cent off the actual value. He gave the name of Harry Wilson, when arrested, but when in court he said his right name was Harry Church, and that he was born in Sacramento, Cal., from which point he started out two years ago. At different places here before his arrest he gave the names of H. V. Morris, F. H. Ross, Harry Lewis, Harry Howard. He has been in this city for about a month, all the time under surveillance. Mrs. Church is here in the city, but she says she knows very little about her husband, and does not even know his business. They were married in Illinois. The crime for which Dunham, whom Church is suspected of being, is wanted, is a most atrocious one.

At a lonely farm house between San Jose and Los Gatos, Santa Clara county, California, on the night of Tuesday, May 26, 1896, James C. Dunham slew all the occupants of the residence save one, his baby boy. His wife, her mother, her step-father, her brother, a man and maid servant were sacrificed. They were all members of the family of R. P. McGlinchy and the deed was carefully planned. Dunham came to his wife in the night and gave her a chance to write a message to those who she believed would be saved. Then his fingers fastened around her throat and the woman was strangled. Next minute Chester, a servant, was slain, her skull being cleft with an axe. Mrs. McGlinchy shared the same fate. The three murdered men were at Campbell when two men were killed. Col. McGlinchy came first. As he opened the door he was met by a bullet. He turned to seek safety in flight, and James K. Wells, his step-son, rushed to his assistance. Wells was shot through the heart and instantly killed. Jumping over his body Dunham pursued the older man. He caught him at a near-by cabin and ended his misery. Robert A. Brisco, who sheltered McGlinchy, was also shot to death. Dunham escaped despite strenuous efforts to capture him.

## THE MARKETS.

New York, Dec. 29.—Wheat receipts, 207,200 bushels; exports, 373,868 bushels.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—Futures closed as follows:

Wheat—Dec. 66 1/2; May 70 3/8; July 68 5/8.  
Corn—Dec. 36 3/4; May 38 1/8; July 38 5/8.  
Oats—Dec. 26 1/2; May 28 1/8.  
Ribs—Jan. \$4.92; May \$5.20.  
Lard—Jan. \$5.52; May \$5.75.  
Pork—Dec. \$8.80; Jan. \$10.20; May \$10.52.

#### WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, Fort William, 68c.  
Flour—Patent, \$1.95; strong bakers, \$1.75; second bakers, \$1.35; XXXX, per sack of 48 lbs., \$1.05.  
Wheat—Milling, 66c; Chicken feed, 25c to 35c per bush. of 60 lb.  
Milfeed—Bran, \$10, and shorts \$12 per ton in bulk; large lots, 50c per ton less.  
Ground Feed—Oat chop, \$71 to \$19 per ton; mixed barley and oats, \$15 to \$16; and wheat mixtures, \$8 to \$12.  
Oil cake, \$23 per ton.  
Oatmeal—Car lots of rolled about \$1.90 for 80 lb. sacks.  
Oats—25c per bushel.  
Barley—Feed, 24 to 25c per bushel of 48 lb.; malting, 30c.  
Flax seed—65c per bushel.  
Butter—Creamery, to 22 2/2c; dairy, 13 1/2 to 14 1/2c.  
Cheese—Large, 9 1/2c; small, 10c.  
Eggs—Fresh, 20c; lined, 16 to 17c.  
Dressed Meats—Beef, 5c; mutton 7 to 8c; lamb, 8 to 9c; hogs, 5 1/2 to 6 1/2c; veal, 5 1/2 to 7c.  
Poultry—Spring chickens 8 to 9c per lb. turkeys 10 to 12 1/2c, ducks and geese 8 to 10c.  
Game—Rabbits, 8 1/2c each, or three for 25c; pigeons, 20c per pair.  
Vegetables—Potatoes, 35c per bushel; turnips, 15 to 20c per bushel; parsnips, 1 1/2c per lb; carrots, 40c; beets, 40c per bushel; celery, 40c per dozen; cabbage, 1 to 1 1/2c per pound; onions, \$1.00 per bush.; Spanish onions, \$2 per crate.  
Hides—No. 1, 6 1/2c; No. 2, 5 1/2c. Kip, 6 to 6 1/2c; calf, 8c; sheepskins and lambskins, 40 to 55c; horse hides, 75c to \$1.50 each; colts, 25c to 50c each.  
Wool—Nominal, at 8 to 8 1/2c.  
Tallow—No. 1, 3 1/2c; No. 2, 2 1/2 to 2c.  
Senece Root—21c per pound.  
Hay—Baled, \$6 to \$8.50 on truck here.  
Cattle—Butchers' cattle nominal at 3c; stockers, 2 to 2 1/2c.  
Sheep—3 1/2c here.  
Cows—Readily bring from \$25 to \$40.  
Hogs—Good bacon hogs at 4 1/2 to 5c off cars here.



## THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

MOOSE JAW, N.W.T.

### PERSONAL CHATS.

Admiral Walker is one of the few sailors fond of land sports. He is said to have lately taken up the bicycle.

The mother of the lamented Dave Foutz of the Brooklyn baseball team is building a fine monument over his grave at Baltimore.

General Longstreet has returned from Mexico, but likes that country so well that he will probably spend his winters there hereafter.

James Havlick is the tallest man of the Oregon crew, which averages the tallest tars in the navy. Havlick is nearly 7 feet in height.

Switzerland's best known chamois hunter, Balthasar Zinsli, died some time ago at Seheran, aged 70 years. His record included over 1,300 chamois and deer.

James Ingraham Peck, the biologist of Williams college, who died the other day, could reconstruct an animal from fewer of its relics than any American scientist.

The late Colonel Waring's first public lecture was delivered in the hall of the house of representatives, Montpelier, Vt., in 1856, on the subject of farm drainage.

Julius Goldschmidt, United States consul general in Berlin, was a native of Germany, and when he first came to this country at the age of 14 learned English in two months.

Count Shigenobu Okuma, the new premier of Japan, began life as a poor boy and is now a proof that the "self made" man can be manufactured even in the despotic east.

The death of Colonel Amos Webster of Washington leaves General Horace Porter, now ambassador at Paris, the only surviving member of General U. S. Grant's personal staff.

Colonel Edmund Rice of the Sixth Massachusetts, which lately returned from Porto Rico, has a unique distinction. He returned from two wars at the head of Massachusetts regiments.

Rolf Moerck, a New York musical prodigy, has applied to the courts to have his name changed to Brandt Rantzau, saying his real name is too plebeian for one contemplating an artistic career.

Mrs. Dudley Smith, daughter of the late George Kynoch, member of parliament for Ashton, has made her debut as a professional in the arena of the Birmingham circus. She has been known as a dashing equestrienne for some time, having ridden at agricultural shows and races.

Piper Findlater, the "hero of Dargai," has again sprung into notoriety, this time in a suit for breach of promise, in which he is defendant. The plaintiff is Miss Mary Gellatly of Dundee, who wants \$5,000. In the meantime she is in a rival music hall in Dundee, dancing in her wedding dress, with the wedding cake displayed on the stage.

### STAGE GLINTS.

Massenet is at present writing an opera on "The Three Musketeers."

"The Maneuvers of Jane," Henry Arthur Jones' latest, has been produced in London.

Hauptmann's religious play, "Christus," is nearing completion and will soon be produced in Berlin.

The French Dramatic Authors' society has boycotted Augustin Daly because of his treatment of Rostand.

J. H. Stoddart has been engaged to play the part of a naval chaplain in a new patriotic play called "Red, White and Blue."

Mierzwinsky, the Russian tenor, who appeared in this country some years ago, is said to have become the porter at a hotel in Cannes.

Ibsen's daughter, Bergholt, appears as a singer in concerts in Hamburg, Dresden, Vienna, Prague and Budapest before she goes to Rome.

American singers are not without honor in England. For the recent Gloucester festival a local wagon company built a special state carriage for Mme. Albani.

Coquelin has returned to the Theatre Francaise and "Cyrano de Bergerac" goes with him. Its performance there will be worth seeing, for it will be perfectly produced.

"When a Man is in Love," the new play by Anthony Hope and Edward Rose, produced in the London Court theater the other day, opens well, but ends very feebly.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

## CANADA'S PRODUCTS.

Figures From the Dominion Statistical Year Book for 1907—Exports and Products of the Mines.

Canada last year produced 239,691 tons of gypsum valued at \$244,531.

The limestone for flux produced in Canada last year was valued at \$40,000.

The value of the mica produced in Canada in 1907 was \$75,000.

Canada produced last year 3,905 tons of ochres valued at \$23,560.

Mineral water to the value of \$140,000 was produced in Canada in 1907.

The moulding sand found in Canada last year totalled 5,435 tons, valued at \$10,931.

The value of the natural gas produced in Canada last year was \$325,873.

Canada produced last year 3,609,857 barrels of petroleum valued at \$1,011,546.

Phosphates amounting to 503 tons were produced in Canada last year, the value being \$3,384.

In 1897 Canada produced 38,910 tons of pyrites valued at \$116,736.

Last year's salt output in Canada was valued at \$190,000.

Canada produced last year 265,213 barrels of cement valued at \$275,273.

Flag stones to the value of \$7,190 were produced in Canada last year.

The slate product in Canada last year reached a value of \$42,800.

Canada's miscellaneous mineral product last year reached a value of \$14,542,933.

The value of the export of domestic asbestos by Canada last year was \$510,916.

Canada last year exported \$3,330,017 worth of domestic coal.

The domestic copper exported by Canada last year was \$350,462.

Canada's domestic gold exported last year was valued at \$2,804,101.

The gypsum, domestic, exported by Canada last year was valued at \$183,376.

The iron ore of Canada exported last year was valued at \$26,979.

Canada last year exported domestic iron and steel valued at \$522,968.

The value of the domestic mica exported last year by Canada was \$61,968.

The nickel exported by Canada last year was valued at \$498,510.

Canada exported in domestic phosphates value amounting to \$275.

The domestic silver exported by Canada last year reached \$2,413,731 in value.

In 1895 Canada exported \$47,771 worth of stone and marble. Miscellaneous articles to the value of \$756,347 were also exported.

The total value of the exports of Canada's mineral production last year was \$11,906,918. Of this Great Britain's portion was \$582,579.

The United States took minerals valued at \$10,701,824.

British possessions took Canadian minerals amounting to \$325,573.

Germany took \$37,131 worth.

The coal areas of Canada are estimated at 97,200 square miles, not including areas known but as yet undeveloped, in the far north.

The coal areas of Nova Scotia cover about 635 square miles. They are divided into the Cape Breton, the Pictou and the Cumberland basins. It is estimated that Nova Scotia contains 7,000,000,000 tons of coal.

Anthracite in 3-foot and 6-foot seams, comparing favorably with that from Pennsylvania, has been found in Queen Charlotte Island.

Nova Scotia last year produced 2,465,387 tons of coal.

British Columbia, in 1897, produced 988,796 tons of coal.

Manitoba and Northwest Territories in 1896 produced 225,868 tons of coal.

New Brunswick in 1896 produced 7,500 tons of coal.

The total coal product of Canada for 1897 was \$3,876,201, the highest on record.

Of the coal product of Nova Scotia, 2,555,031 tons was sold, and 210,356 tons used in colliery consumption.

Of the coal product of British Columbia last year, 679,751 tons were sold for export and 309,045 tons used at home.

In British Columbia, the only collieries at present in operation are on Vancouver Island, and are situated at Nanaimo, Wellington Union, and West Wellington, and are four in number.

Canada last year imported 1,457,295 tons of free anthracite coal valued at \$5,589,160.

The quantity of dutiable bituminous coal imported last year was 1,503,476 tons, valued at \$3,254,217.

Canada last year exported 1,102,06 tons of coal, valued at \$3,339,017.

The quantity of coal dust imported into Canada last year was 225,332 tons, valued at \$39,099.

The imports of gas coke for use in Canadian manufactures only last year was \$2,330 tons, valued at \$367,540.

Canada produced last year 78,811 tons of coke, valued at \$209,920.

The consumption of coal in Canada in 1897 was 5,974,556 tons, an average of 1.132 tons per head.

Nova Scotia last year exported 88,138 tons of coal.

The Northwest Territories exported 8,774,081 tons.

New Brunswick exported 167,289 tons.

Ontario imported last year for home consumption 2,364,391 tons of coal.

Quebec imported and consumed 489,382 tons.

Nova Scotia imported for consumption 45,341 tons.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

## LIVING ON WATERMELONS.

Strange Malady of a Nebraska Who Was Sunstruck.

Robert Frazier of Nebraska can eat nothing but watermelons. He says:

"While out on my father's farm in the summer of 1897 I was overcome with dizziness. I fell in a faint to the ground and was unconscious for several hours. I was convalescent in a day or two and thoughtlessly I went out in the heat again. The temperature was, if I remember rightly, 110 degrees. After a mile walk I was stricken down and lay in the cornfield for nearly two hours before being discovered."

"For a week I hovered between life and death. Then I got better, but a relapse set in, and I became totally helpless."

"In two months my right side was entirely paralyzed, and it was believed I would surely die. The paralysis extended to both feet, and I reckoned it was my prayers and those of my dear mother that saved me from death. The doctors ordered that I discontinue eating meat and vegetables. Gradually I became utterly without an appetite and would shun food for days."

"My weight was decreasing at an alarming rate, and the physicians seemed powerless to help me. We had a fine watermelon patch on our farm, and it was suggested by the doctor that I try melons as a last resort. I did, and I began to get flesh again. Then I was permitted to suck the juices from tender meats and was also treated with emulsions. But these three ingredients, in addition to a little milk, constitute my meals and my remedies."

"The doctors say the sunstroke had gone to my brain and had extended through my nerves, threatening absolute paralysis. If I were to swallow the tiniest piece of meat it would cut my stomach. I am told it is the most peculiar case of stomach affection on record, but it is due solely to the sunstroke."

"I ate four watermelons a day for three months and stopped only when the season ended. Then I dropped weight and was fast turning to a skeleton, when it was decided to send me down to my uncle's plantation in Florida. It is some distance below the frost line, and watermelons are grown there all the year round."

"The medical properties of the watermelon have surely proved wonderful in my case, and besides I love the melons like a southern dandy."

### FAID THE BET.

Though He Won It, He Might as Well Have Not.

"It is the first time that I ever paid a bet that I won," said Smith, "and it will be the last time."

"My wife and I agree on everything but politics. I am a staunch supporter of my party, and my wife is always ready to uphold hers."

"We always have several warm arguments before an election, and I dread to see one draw nigh, as it is sure to cause bad feelings and end in my being called a heartless brute because I stand up for my own party."

"Shortly before the last election we were in the midst of one of our arguments when my wife dared me to make a wager on the outcome. I was not anxious to bet, but she badgered me so much that finally I told her what I would do. I knew that her party didn't stand the ghost of a show, so I told her if her party was successful I would buy her the finest gown to be had in the city. That seemed to satisfy her, and we agreed to drop politics and talk of something else."

"Well, the election went just as I expected it would, and I got a certain amount of satisfaction from watching the look of indignation on my wife's face as she read the returns."

"I waited three days before I thought it safe to laugh over my promise, and when I did my wife calmly reached in her workbasket and handed me over a bill."

"It was a bill for the gown that I had promised her in case her party was successful. She had felt so sure that her party was going to win that she had ordered the gown beforehand, so she would have it to wear at a swell affair soon to come off."

Birthdays Celebrated in Egypt.

The custom of keeping birthdays is many thousand years old. Pharaoh's birthday festivities are mentioned in the Pentateuch.

## PUT YOUR FINGER ON YOUR PULSE.

If It Is Weak or Irregular don't Hesitate to Start the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills at once.

With a strong, steady, regular pulse we may expect vigorous health.



With a weak, irregular, intermittent pulse we can tell at once the vitality is low—that Dizziness, Faint Spells, Smothering and Sinking Sensations and similar conditions are bound to ensue.

By their action in strengthening the heart, toning the nerves and enriching the blood, Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills relieve and cure all these distressing conditions just enumerated.

Mrs. B. Croft, residing on Waterloo Street, St. John, N.B., says:

"For some time past I have suffered from pallor, weakness and nervous prostration. I had palpitation and irregular beating of the heart so severe as to cause me great alarm. I was treated by physicians, but got no permanent relief."

"I am glad to say that from Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I derived the first real benefit that I ever got from any medicine. My appetite is improved, my entire system toned up, and I can do no less than cheerfully recommend these pills to all requiring a reliable heart and nerve tonic."

Miss Mary E. Hicks, South Bay, Ont., says: "I have suffered for a year from the same complaint as Mrs. Croft, and I can say that Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have cured me."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

## THE HORSE SHOW.

Much Better, 2:07½, is reported to have lost 200 pounds in flesh since her campaign began about five months ago.

It is said that Peter the Great is the first winner of the Kentucky Futurity steeplechase of the blood of George Wilkes.

Although Bumps, 2:04½, did not win a race this season, he earned \$3,000, more than his entrance money. He was a first class second.

Hon. Fred C. Sayles, owner of Allx 2:03½, has given \$200,000 to the city of his residence, Pawtucket, R. I., for a library building.

A full brother of Lesa Wilkes, 2:09, by Guy Wilkes, owned at Feraciff stock farm, Providence, has been named Lieutenant Hobson.

It is said that Dr. H. W. Lobb of Philadelphia will transfer his allegiance to the running turf and dispose of all his trotting and pacing stock.

Bow Bells, 2:10½, will stay in Kentucky again next year. He is one of the most popular sires ever kept in the blue grass and his fame grows steadily.

Frank Frazier, ex-owner of Cheballs 2:04½, is quoted as saying that he believes Rubinstein can step down to the half faster than any other pacer living.

La Garda, 2:24½, who has been credited to Jack Daw, is now said to be by Jay Hawker, 2:14½, and the only one of the latter horse's get that has ever taken the word.

It cost between \$500 and \$600 to send Directa (3), 2:13½, by Direct, 2:05½, dam Stemwinder, dam of Directum, 2:05½, through by express from D. H. H. Cal., to New York city.

The 2-year-old chestnut gelding, Billy Abshire, 2:30½, by Hazell, dam Sally Abshire, by Vatican, has been purchased by Captain Tuttle of Orange county from I. B. White of Richmond, Ky. The price reported is \$1,700.

### TAKE NOTICE.

During the year the space devoted to advertising MINARD'S LINIMENT will contain expressions of no uncertain sound from people who speak from personal experience as to the merits of this best of Household Remedies.

### APHORISMS.

Blessed is the influence of one true, loving human soul on another.—George Eliot.

He is but the counterfeit of a man who has not the life of a man.—Shakespeare.

One ungrateful man does an injury to all who stand in need of aid.—Publius Syrus.

The more we do the more we can do; the more busy we are the more leisure we have.—Hazlitt.

A true and genuine impudence is ever the effect of ignorance without the least sense of it.—Steele.

There is certainly something of exquisite kindness and thoughtful benevolence in that rarest of gifts—fine breeding.—Bulwer.

Good intentions are very mortal and perishable things. Like very mellow and choice fruit, they are difficult to keep.—Simmons.

Kind words prevent a good deal of that perverseness which rough and imperious usage often produces in generous minds.—Locke.

None so little enjoy themselves and are such burdens to themselves as those who have nothing to do. Only the active have the true relish of life.—Jay.

### ITEMS OF INTEREST.

A Somerset (Me.) farmer claims to have Benedict Arnold's sword belt.

The original birch bark deed given by the chief of the Androscoggin to the farmers of Lewiston, Me., of Haymarket square, is shown in a Lewiston store window.

Sweden is Europe's great timber field. Russia has larger forests, but they are much less accessible than those of Sweden, which are usually near rivers or the coast.

### DON'TS.

Don't forget that the darkest hour is only 60 minutes.

Don't think that an apology always wipes out an offense.

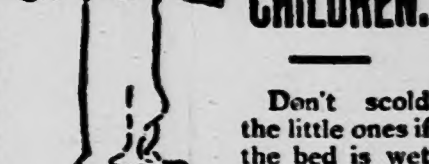
Don't kick an infuriated dog when you have slipped on.

Don't attempt to judge a girl's love for you by what she says.

Don't act the fool. There are too many people doing that naturally.

Don't sacrifice the certainties of today for the uncertainties of tomorrow.

## DON'T CHIDE THE CHILDREN.



Don't scold the little ones if the bed is wet in the morning. Weak kidneys need strengthening—that's all. You can't afford to risk delay. Neglect may entail a lifetime of suffering.

### DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Strengthen the Kidneys and Bladder, then all troubles cease.

Mr. John Carson, employed at M. S. Bratt & Co.'s store, Hamilton, Ont., says:

"My little boy seven years of age has been troubled with his kidneys since birth and could not hold his water. We spent hundreds of dollars doctoring and tried many different remedies, but they were of no avail. One box of Doan's Kidney Pills completely cured him."

Doan's Kidney Pills

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# THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block, Main Street.

Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

## THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Lost, Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 50c.; subsequent insertions 25c. each. All transient advertisements, such as By-laws, Mortgage and Sheriff Sales, Assignments and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 12c. per line; subsequent insertions 8c.—solid nonpareil measurement.

### JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

## The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ,—  
Would it were worthier!" —Byron.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 6, 1899.

### CANADIAN PENNY POSTAGE.

Our postal administration has made another advance in public favor by the reduction of the Canadian rate to two cents per ounce weight. This is a quite unexpected but welcome New Year's gift to the people of Canada, and is the natural supplement of the Imperial penny postage, which went into effect on Christmas Day. The new 2 cent domestic rate went into effect on Jan 1st, and it now costs but two cents to mail a letter to any part of Canada or the United States. This completes the postal scheme for which not only the Dominion but the Empire at large is deeply indebted to the Canadian Postmaster General, whose efficient and economic administration of his Department makes these reductions possible. There is still other work to be done and the Minister who has done so much will not yet abate his hand.

### SIR WILFRID AND THE SENATE

In the course of his speech at the enthusiastic reception tendered him by the Liberals of Montreal, Sir Wilfrid Laurier referred to the Senate's action in blocking popular legislation, and said that he did not now, as in his younger days, believed in abolishing the Senate. He considered the second chamber a wise and necessary safeguard, but he did believe in reforming the Senate so as to have it conform to the will of the people. He believed there should be no legislative body beyond the control of the electorate, that there should be nobody in the state above the law and beyond the control of the popular will. The majority were sometimes mistaken, but when an appeal is made to the common sense, the sentiment of justice and equity of the people at large, he had confidence justice and common sense would prevail.

### CANADA'S SURPLUS.

At the reception tendered Sir Wilfrid Laurier at Montreal on Tuesday, Hon. W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance, in the course of a brief speech, announced that the accounts for the year had just been closed, and he was glad to be able to announce a surplus even greater than recently announced as anticipated, namely, \$1,500,000. The expenditure for the fiscal year closing June 30th last, and chargeable to consolidated account, was \$38,832,525.70, a long way, he said, from the forty millions predicted by Sir Charles Tupper as a consequence of Liberal rule. But for the first time in the history of Canada the revenue had passed that figure, having reached the sum of \$40,555,238.03 for the fiscal year named, and he could officially announce the surplus as \$1,722,712.33. They were now six months on in the new year and they were better off by the sum \$2,855,000 than for the corresponding six months of last year, in comparing the revenue with the expenditure.

The London, Eng., Outlook says: A gross fraud is being daily perpetrated upon the British consumer. Go into almost any retail butcher's shop—West End or East End—and ask for "best Canadian" or any other kind of imported meat, and you are sure to be met with the reply: "Wouldn't sell it, sir; nothing but the best English in this shop." And yet the Board of Trade returns tell us that during the eleven months ended November, we imported 527,133 head of live cattle, value \$8,707,402, and 2,790,543 cwt. of fresh beef, value \$5,356,075. Have all these imports vanished into thin air? Fourteen million pounds' worth of good beef have disappeared, without getting any nearer to the consumer than Smithfield and the slaughter houses.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE A POCKET BOOK OF THE TIMES

Mr. Fisher, Manitoba's representative on the Hudson's Bay exploration expedition party of 1897, has just handed in his report. It is decidedly adverse to the commercial utility of the Hudson's Bay as a highway for carrying our commerce, and in a long and exhaustive report Mr. Fisher gives his reasons, stating that the difficulties met with are insurmountable, and that three months is the outside limit of safe navigation in a year. This report bears on its face a decided impression that this route is doomed. There are yet many, however, who still cling to the belief that this route is practicable, notwithstanding all that has been said against it. A brief summary of the report appears on another page.

Northward the Star of Empire wends its way. California's gold production is believed to have fallen to \$13,000,000 this season—it was \$19,000,000 last year—while that of British Columbia is largely increasing every season. On January 1, 1894, the stock of gold in the whole world was estimated at \$3,965,900,000. This was all that mankind had been able to accumulate since the dawn of history. By January 1, 1899, there will be, it is thought, \$5,962,900,000—an increase of 27 per cent. in five years.

The estimates of the cost of the war with Spain are now substantially made up. Including the cost of garrisons in the dependencies during the remainder of the present year, it will amount to about \$250,000,000. Porto Rico, Cuba and the Philippines altogether will hardly compensate us for this outlay. So far as the monetary value is concerned, we have made a poor bargain—but then we have the satisfaction of reflecting that we have done a great work in behalf of humanity. —Minneapolis Tribune.

The total exports of cattle from Medicine Hat and Maple Creek districts during the past season was 9,628 head valued at \$365,864; of horses 317, valued at \$15,850; of sheep 17,249 valued at \$56,249; of wool 383,328 pounds, valued at \$34,499; besides which \$2,500 worth of hides and \$25,038 worth of butter, eggs, etc., were produced, making a grand total for the Cypress Hills district of about \$500,000. Compared with the figures for last year this is an increase of about 85 per cent.

The state of North Dakota tried to compel the railways to reduce freight rates, but in the legal contest that followed the railways have come out ahead. The decision is to the effect that capital has a right to proper remuneration and North Dakota failed to show that the railroad rates do more than yield a proper income on the capital invested.

### Moosomin.

Moosomin, Dec. 28.—Numerous weddings are occurring in our immediate vicinity and the professional's time is fully occupied, but we trust he will have the time to note the following sad event of a divine brother on last September. The good old story going its rounds, we believe to be true, and is quoted as briefly as possible: A well-known divine was invited to officiate on a Sunday last September, in a town on the borders. Accepting the honor, his evening sermon was preached from the text, "Go to the ant, thou sluggard; consider her ways and be wise." After breakfast the following morn he seated himself upon a knoll, and with his mind absorbed in a book became oblivious to all surroundings. Soon the whistle of an approaching engine aroused him from his lethargy. Rushing to the station he succeeded in catching the last coach. Quickly sizing up his compartment, he found that no one other occupant, a gentleman, was present. Seating himself in reserve, he



LOVE'S FLOWER GARDEN.  
In Love's Flower Garden there is the full blown rose of married happiness and the holy perfume of joyous motherhood for every woman who takes proper care of her health in a womanly way. For the weak, sickly, nervous, despondent woman, who suffers untold miseries in silence from weakness and disease of the delicate organs concerned in wifehood and motherhood, there are only thorns, and to her the perfume of motherhood is the aroma of death. No woman is fitted for the responsibilities of wifehood and the duties of motherhood who is a sufferer in this way. Every woman may be strong and healthy in a womanly way, if she will. It lies with herself. She needs, in the first place, a little knowledge of the reproductive physiology of women. This she can obtain by securing and reading a copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It contains 1008 pages and over 300 illustrations. It tells all about all the ordinary ills of life, and how to treat them. Several chapters and illustrations are devoted to the physical make-up of women. It tells how to treat all the diseases peculiar to women. It gives the names, addresses, photographs and experiences of hundreds of women who have been snatched from the verge of the grave to live happy, healthy lives by Dr. Pierce's medicines. This book she can obtain free. It used to cost \$1.50, and over seven hundred thousand copies were purchased by women at that price. Over a million women now own copies. For a paper-covered copy send 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of customs and mailing only, to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. For cloth-binding, send 50 one-cent stamps.

The Centre of attraction for Perfect fitting, Stylish Tailored Garments is R. L. Slater's, Merchant Tailor.

Twenty per cent Discount on all Fur Caps, Collars, Cuffs, Mitts, &c. at R. L. Slater's, Merchant Tailor.

We wish our many friends and customers a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.—R.E. Plaxton, Watchmaker and Jeweler.

## Hitchcock and McCulloch,

Bankers and Financial Agents.  
Moose Jaw, Assiniboia.

Five per cent. interest allowed on Deposit accounts. Current accounts conducted on favorable terms. Collections solicited. Prompt returns. Drafts and Cheques bought and sold. Correspondents:—Bank of Montreal.

very soon became aware of the fact that a general creeping sensation was occurring on his person. Glancing at his coat he saw, to his horror, that the little creatures he eulogized on the evening before were already scampering and frolicking in all directions. Springing to his feet he hastily discarded his coat and vest. Oh, what a sight! Hundreds of them. His fellow companion came bravely to the rescue and assisted in expelling the little travellers, until the next station was reached, when he quietly took his leave. No sooner had the train started than the reverend gentleman felt a tingling sensation around his legs, which rapidly became unbearable. Quickly kicking off his boots and divest himself of his nether garments, he perceived a whole of the industrious little people were there. Opening the window and holding the garment at arm's length, he nobly strove to dislodge the tormentors. An express train passing at that moment startled him, and he let go his hold of the apparel. The parson now was in a piteous plight, and decided the best course to take was to draw down the blinds, and remain seated. But shocking, just as the train stopped two ladies opened the door and were about to enter, when the distracted parson jumped to his feet and rushing forward exclaimed: "Oh, don't come here, don't come in." The ladies retreated screaming, but the stronger minded one of the two considered not her own feelings but her duty to the welfare of the public, and hastened to inform the agent that there was a lunatic in the train. That official promptly called two officials to accompany him, and having tapped at the door, entered alone. The reverend gentleman immediately informed him of his awkward predicament and the agent at once dispatched a porter for the necessary garment from his own wardrobe. He advised the parson to proceed to the next station and return by another train, lest the crowd, which had already begun to collect, should have their curiosity gratified. And he did so accordingly, and when on returning, two hours later, though the garment was a couple of sizes too large for him, no one apparently noticed the misfit; and he returned home safely, declaring that on future occasions he would not commit himself by dealing on the above text.

## A NEW INVENTION

WILL BRING COMFORT TO ALL.

THERE IS NO CASE OF RHEUMATISM BUT CAN BE CURED FOR 50c

RUSTIC RHEUMATIC INSOLES effect a permanent cure where all other remedies fail to afford the slightest relief.  
They make the old folks young again  
And make the cripples leap;  
And give you comfort while awake  
And comfort while you sleep.  
Rustic Rheumatic Insoles are made to fit all sizes of shoes and will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of price, 50c. A positive cure guaranteed in every case of Rheumatism or money refunded. Advice furnished free on application. General agents wanted everywhere. Do not suffer any more but send at once for a pair of Rustic Rheumatic Insoles that will give you everlasting relief and happiness. Address:  
THE DR. MARSHALL CHEMICAL CO.  
Detroit, Mich. Windsor, Ont.  
Mention The Moose Jaw Times.

### \$10.00 REWARD.

Lost between Simington's corner and C.P.R. round house, a pocket book containing \$45.35. The above reward will be paid to the party returning same. G. MOTTA  
Moose Jaw, Assa. 26 28.

### LOST.

Lost on Thursday, Dec. 15, 1898, in town or between Moose Jaw and Boharm, a parcel containing a lady's fur collar and hat and dozen pocket handkerchiefs. Finder will please leave same at Robinson & Hamilton's, GEO. PAINEY, Boharm. 25 27p.

## For Christmas Presents

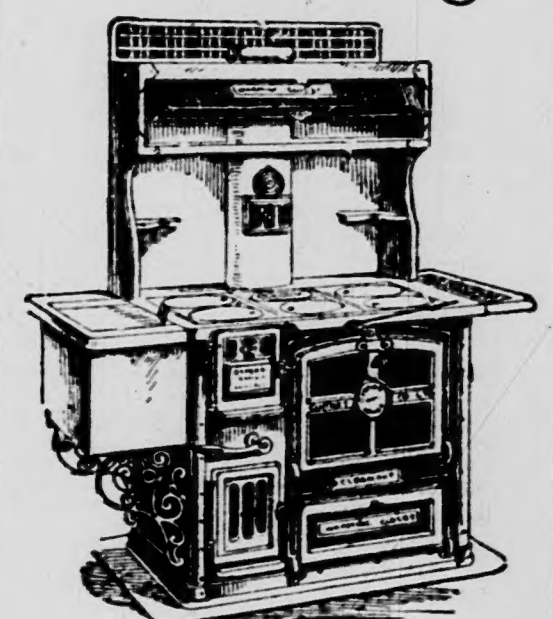
In fancy goods, toys, dolls, games, statues, pictures, hand sleighs, etc. etc. go to the Jubilee Store.

### INSPECT OUR STOCK

of pipes, tobaccos, cigars, cigarettes, and smokers' supplies. Our stock of Christmas Candy is complete in every line.

## JUBILEE STORE.

## Oxford Ranges



We are just unloading a 30-ton car of Oxford Steel Ranges, Base Burners and Air Tight Heaters; a limited number of which were not spoken for. Order early and secure the car load freight rate.

GURNEY-FOUNDRY COMPANY LIMITED,  
Jno. Brass, Agt.

### Desirable Property For Sale.

The undersigned will receive tenders up to Jan. 10th next for the purchase or rental of his house and lots on River Street, east. Will also sell furniture and carpets. House may be inspected at any time. It will pay any one wishing to secure a comfortable home to look into this. A. HICKS. 24 26

### NOTICE.

Regular meetings of the Farmers' Commercial Union will be held in the Orange Hall, Caron, during the months of January, February and March on the Friday on or before the full moon at 2 o'clock p.m. The February meeting will be the annual meeting. A full attendance is requested. SAM. GEITY, President; Z. BATTEL, Secretary. 27 29p.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE AT BOOKSTORES 5c

## A Suit to Fit.. Needs Cut.

## A Suit to Wear Needs Cloth.

## A Suit to Sell.. Needs Style.

## The Reason Why?

Our Evening Dress Suits sell and satisfy when sold is because they combine these three points.

## W. N. MITCHELL

## Storm Windows AND DOORS.

Lumber,  
Lime, Coal,  
& Wood.

## CHOPPED CORN, OATS AND WHEAT.

Pop Corn on the Cob, 10c. a lb.

Skates Sharpened 15c. House To Let.

## E. Simpson & Co.

## UP-TO-DATE STOVES

And Pipes of Our Own Make at ..

## G. K. SMITH'S.

Tin Shop in Connection.

## CANADIAN ANTHRACITE COAL.

We are prepared to supply the trade at the following prices

Furnace \$9.00. — Half Ton \$4.85  
Stove " 9.00 — " 4.85  
Nat " 8.00 — " 4.25

No attention will be given to orders not accompanied by cash.

R. BEARD.

Houses for Sale.

### BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, ten dollars per annum.

W. M. GRAYSON, Barrister, Advocate, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc. Office Main St., Moose Jaw, N. W. T. Agent for the Canada Northwest Land Company, Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw Town Site.

W. B. WILLOUGHBY, B.A. LL.B. Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, &c. Solicitor for Union Bank of Canada. Bellamy Block Moose Jaw, Assa.

A. C. JOHNSTONE, Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, &c. Office: Cor. South Ry. & Rose Sts., Regina.

TURNBULL & McCULLOCH. Office in Bell's block, Cor. Main and river streets.

A. R. TURNBULL, M.D., C.M. J. W. McCulloch, M.D.

S. W. RADCLIFFE, M.D. Physician and Surgeon.

Office at Colling's Drug Store, Main Street.

D. P. P. SIZE, L.D.S., M.R.C.D.S. SURGEON DENTIST. Moose Jaw, Assa. Office, Bellamy's Block. Open 3rd to 21st each month. All branches of dentistry skillfully performed.

H. McDUGALL, Registrar, Moose Jaw District, for Births, Marriages and Deaths.

W. C. LUSK. PHOTOGRAPHER. Open every month from 25th to 31st. Newest and Best styles of Work.

O. B. FRYSH, Auctioneer and Valuator. Manitoba Street, Moose Jaw, Assa.

## BRANDON MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS

The best equipped shop in this line of business in the Dominion; noted for the superiority of their workmanship and beauty of their designs in Granite and Marble Monuments, Headstones, Mantle Pieces, Cemetery Fencing, Tablets, etc. Their native Granite curling stones and turned columns have received special mention and diploma at Winnipeg Industrial Fair.

Sommerville & Co., Proprietors, Rossar Ave., Brandon.

## McDonald

## & Riddell.

## LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLES.

First class rigs and good driving horses to hire on reasonable terms. Draying done to all parts of the town. Best accommodation for the general public.

McDonald & Riddell.

High St., Moose Jaw.

## W. C. SANDERS, CONFECTIONER.

Just received a fresh stock of ..

'Xmas Confectionery, Fruits, Cigars, Etc.

Cowan's Toronto Chocolates, Watson's and Perrin's Chocolates and Candy, Spanish Grapes, Oranges, Lemons, &c., &c.

Fraser & Stirton's Cigars & Other Brands Wholesale & Retail.

Fresh Oysters in Bulk or Served. Ontario Winter Apples for sale by the lb.

REDUCED PRICES FOR SUNDAY SCHOOLS





RELIEF IN 10 MINUTES!

Every sufferer from catarrh who reads these lines will find in them a message of hope. No matter how severely he may be afflicted, no matter how many called remedies he may have tried, no matter how many physicians have experimented upon him in vain, no matter how completely he may have despaired of ever ridding himself of his disgusting and distressing malady—he can be cured!

SOLD BY W. W. EOLF.

AGAINST THE ROUTE

IS THE REPORT OF MANITOBA'S REPRESENTATIVE.

Mr. Fisher Pronounces the Difficulties of the Hudson Bay Route Insurmountable, and Says That if a Road Was Even Now Running It Would Not Be a Factor in the Transportation of North-West Food Products.

With the Hudson's Bay expedition sent out by the Canadian Government in 1897, the Province of Manitoba was allowed the privilege of sending an independent representative. The Government of Manitoba chose Mr. Jas. Fisher, M.P.P. of Russell to accompany the expedition. Mr. Fisher has just made his report to Hon. Thos. Greenway. The report is lengthy and apparently prepared with great care.

Mr. Fisher's conclusions are adverse to the scheme of a Hudson's Bay road. The character of the conclusions are fairly expressed in the following paragraphs: "If we had a route to Hudson's Bay to-morrow it would not be a factor in transporting the products of Manitoba and the west."

"I re-affirm my decided conviction that a Hudson Bay route can never, for the reason I have stated, even if crowned, be a factor in competing in the traffic of Manitoba, except possibly the very north-western districts to which the railway system of the Province is now being extended."

"My only instructions," says Mr. Fisher, "were to the effect that I would be expected through every available means to make the most full and careful observations and the most diligent and thorough enquiries as to the length of the navigable season and as to all the conditions that affect the feasibility and comparative advantage from every practical point of view of a commercial route between this country and Europe by way of Hudson Strait and the west."

Your Doctor Knows Your doctor knows all about foods and medicines. The next time you see him, just ask him what he thinks of SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. We are willing to trust in his answer. For twenty-five years doctors have prescribed our Emulsion for paleness, weakness, nervous exhaustion, and for all diseases that cause loss in flesh.

FACTS AS TO NAVIGATION.

Mr. Fisher was unable to trace one authentic instance in which the passage of the Strait was accomplished in June, and there are but half a dozen instances in which the Strait was entered in the month prior to the voyage of the "Arctic" in 1887 and that of the "Diana" in 1897. In so far as it is affected by ice formed in its own waters, "Hudson's Strait is never closed," Mr. Fisher adds: "With a depth throughout its entire length in the centre of the channel of from 150 to 300 fathoms, and having a remarkably strong tide always rushing inwards and outwards, with a rise and fall and consequent speed scarcely exceeded on any known waters, it never freezes over, and the ice that is found packing the entrance to so late a period in the season comes from the Arctic pack drifting down through Davis Strait."

After describing the currents and movements of the ice packs, Mr. Fisher adds: "I believe the harbors of Hudson's Bay, if the Arctic ice were excluded, could be navigated for nearly six months, but no one well informed on the subject will for a moment suggest that because powerful ships of modern build can break a passage through ice three or four feet thick, the like or any class of ships much less the freighters of commerce, can drive through the huge and heavy masses, 'hard as flint,' of a close Arctic pack, driven about as they are and crushed against each other by force of the powerful tides and currents that prevail in the Strait."

The Gulf Stream and its influences, tides and currents, are subjects gone into minutely by Mr. Fisher. The straits are liable to be visited by the ice packs in September, though the chief difficulty of navigation in that month and the earlier part of October arises from heavy weather and snow storms. Mr. Fisher then proceeded to record his opinions based upon the information received.

FACTS AS TO NAVIGATION.

"It is upon facts and considerations such as those above set forth and upon the observations and opinions of others above recorded, coupled with my own observations, that I have based my conclusions on the whole question. I have no confidence whatever in the possibility of navigating Hudson's Strait in June. Were it possible to do so, the field and enterprising whalers from New England who have carried on their hunt in the northern part of the Bay for so many years, would undoubtedly have discovered the fact. They would not be exposing themselves and their ships to the risks and rigours of so many winters in the Arctic waters nor would they submit to bear the heavy expense of maintaining idle crews and idle ships there during the eight weary months that they are tied helplessly in the pack, if it were possible to get into the Bay in the month of June. We have seen what perils assailed the few vessels that tried to make the passage in that month."

"In view, then, of the probable frequency of delays, both in the bay and in the strait, at that season, I therefore put the very earliest time that a ship, after loading, can leave a Hudson's Bay port for Liverpool at from the 15th to the 20th of July."

"As to the period during which navigation can be kept open in the fall, I confess I have a greater difficulty in forming an opinion, and I shall not venture to give a positive one. The passages that have been made outward through the straits as late as the end of October are so few that little information is available as to the conditions at that time. The natural conditions are such as to make the strait liable to the visitations of the pack much earlier than the end of October. I have shown that its presence in the west end in September is not uncommon."

THE LATEST DATE.

"These conditions, together with the short days, the difficulty in distinguishing the land or judging accurately the distance when all is covered with snow, makes the navigation of the strait during October extremely difficult and hazardous." "The prudent shipper and the prudent skipper will think of all these possibilities, as well as of the serious consequences of the ship and cargo being held for the winter. The careful navigator is not to be always classed as a 'timid' one and if careful he will leave Churchill or Yorks the case may be, sufficiently early to avoid the risks or at least to minimize them as much as possible. I have a doubt whether in view of all these difficulties and pos-

sible dangers ships will leave one of these Hudson Bay ports to cross the Atlantic later than the 15th of October."

Mr. Fisher then points out the impossibility of shipping out wheat by Hudson's Bay in the year in which it is grown. He says that ships of special class and special expensiveness would be necessary for navigating the route. The class of ships used for breaking the ice in the Baltic and other seas would be useless in Hudson's Straits. No ship could break the fields there. The ice is not formed in the straits but comes down from the Arctic ocean in flocks forty feet thick.

RAILWAY TO THE BAY.

"There is also the question of railway transportation from Manitoba to the bay. As a portion of such line it would seem to be subject to some of the unfavorable conditions that would affect the line of ships. The road would be quite as expensive in construction and equipment as the average railroad and much more so than the lines constructed on the prairies of Manitoba. The equipment in rolling stock would require to be particularly heavy because an immense traffic would have to be carried over it within a short period. And unless kept open for purely local traffic, which is more than doubtful, part of the line would be operated for but a part of the year, probably but a short part of it. Looking at the history of other roads it is difficult to see how a line operated under such conditions would be profitable. Interest upon fixed charges and the cost of maintenance and operation would be unusually expensive. And at the same time low rates of freight must be maintained else there will be no traffic for the line."

"On the whole I am forced to the conclusion that there are conditions attending both rail and water route from Manitoba via Hudson's Bay that will place them at a most serious disadvantage. In truth I do not see how it will be possible under these conditions—and they are natural conditions which cannot be removed—that by such a route our products can be carried to the British markets at rates even as low as those which now prevail and at the same time with profit to the carriers."

CHANGES IN SITUATION.

"I propose to say a few words by way of pointing out the remarkable contrast between the conditions that exist to-day as respects the transportation of our products and those which prevailed when, for some years after the agitation for the opening of the route began. When the scheme first challenged public attention and evoked public sympathy with such remarkable unanimity and zeal, Manitoba was without access by rail to the Atlantic excepting through the United States. We had practically no grain and absolutely no cattle to export. Our people were looking forward to the time when we would become large exporters if only reasonable rates of transportation would prevail."

QUESTION OF RATES.

The report proceeds to point out that when the rates were first announced they were enormously high, being equal in 1883 to 41 cents a bushel on wheat from Winnipeg to Toronto. To-day it is less than 20 cents to Buffalo. The present conditions are entirely different, the rate per hundred pounds on grain from Winnipeg being 14 cents when the full reduction takes effect this year. In 1884 the rate from Winnipeg to the seaboard was 61 cents. The fixed rate from Winnipeg to the head of the lakes will next season be 82.5 cents per bushel and from the head of the lakes to Buffalo the average daily rates during the season of 1897 was 14 cents per bushel. There is a higher rate in the spring and late autumn, but the facts show the remarkably low rates that now prevail, once the head of the lakes is reached. Mr. Fisher continues:

"Again, we cherish a well founded expectation that the rate from all points in Manitoba to the head of the lakes will in the near future be reduced to six cents per bushel. Meanwhile the channel 20 feet in depth from Duluth to Buffalo is about completed and its completion will surely be marked by a still further reduction of rates for that section of the route. At the same time the deepening of the St. Lawrence canal from 9 to 14 feet is being hastened and will next year according to present expectations, afford a continuous passage from the head of the lakes to Montreal for a vessel capable, with her two consort, of carrying in one load 25,000 bushels without a break in bulk. As this, according to my information, is equal to the very largest and far exceeds the average transatlantic cargoes, it will be seen that with the completion of the St. Lawrence canal much of the expense now arising from storage and transfer charges on the way, from the increased cost of carriage in small canal barges between Kingston and Montreal, and from delays incident to the making up of the ocean cargoes from small large loads, will be avoided and a further very substantial reduction insured on this section of the route. The deepening of the Erie channel from 7 to 9 feet now in progress will secure a like result between Buffalo and New York. And while actual transportation charges on the different sections of the route are thus being lowered, improved appliances for the transfer and handling of grain, as at Buffalo for instance, are being utilized to shorten the time and lessen the cost involved in such handling, and that under conditions that we can scarcely expect to duplicate at Hudson Bay ports."

"The fact is that when the agitation for a Hudson's Bay route was at its height, we actually feared that successful wheat growing in Manitoba would become impossible if we had to ship to Montreal or New York at the prevailing rates, while the evidence given before Parliamentary committees indicated that a Hudson's Bay railroad would cut the rates to tide water in two. With the favorable conditions of navigation in the strait, which were at the same time presented to the committees, it seemed as if the transportation problem would be settled in the interest of the Manitoba farmer by no other way than the opening of such a route. That a few years would see the rates of that day cut down to little more than one-fourth was not for a moment dreamed of."

LENGTH OF HAUL.

"The only parts of existing routes where to-day people can and do complain of the rates is the part between provincial points and the head of the lakes. In other words, the only obstacle in the way of our having the rates we desire is the length of the rail haul over which our products have to be carried. But the distance from nearly all points in the

province to the ports of Hudson's Bay greatly exceeds that to the lakes. From Winnipeg to Churchill by way of the Dauphin line is, if I mistake not, at least double the distance to Duluth by an extension of the Manitoba and South Eastern railway to meet existing lines stretching in this direction from Duluth. In the matter, therefore, of rail haul as regards the lake route, we are a great deal better off than we would be with a line to Hudson Bay. This longer rail haul with the unfavorable conditions attending rail transportation to the north, are therefore serious considerations affecting the feasibility of the route altogether apart from the question of the navigation of the bay and straits. Taken by themselves there are considerations which might not unreasonably be taken as conclusive against the route in view of present and probable future rates by the old routes to Montreal and New York. Then instead of its being the fact, as we feared fourteen years ago, that cattle could not be shipped at all unless the Hudson Bay route was opened, we have but to look at the growing traffic in the shipment of live stock to Great Britain, and, if I mistake not, there is not such complaint about transportation rates to the seaboard in this particular branch of traffic. And we know that the conditions of navigation in the strait are not what the committee of our legislature, and through it the public, were in 1884, led to believe. The difficulty we know now is not from the harbor, the limiting, as the committee thought, the period of navigation, but from the filling up of the strait by the Arctic pack, which was not shown to the committee to be a serious factor for consideration. Instead of the straits being navigable for from four and a half to five months in the year by ordinary vessels as the committee believed, it is practically never navigable at all by 'ordinary' vessels. The season for navigation by ships of the special type necessary is short, and the natural and necessary effect as to cost of transportation, etc., of operating a line of such a short period, and under the conditions that must exist, have I believe been fairly set forth in this report."

"When I suggest that the period during which ships can with safety leave a Hudson's Bay port is limited to that between the 15th or 20th of July and the 15th of October, I desire to make my meaning perfectly clear so that I be not misunderstood. This period is not the whole period of navigation in that channel. Taking from the time it can first be entered from the Atlantic in the summer until the last ship is likely from considerations of safety to clear it in the fall, I have suggested as extending from the beginning of July to the end of October, or possibly including the first week of November. And when I limit the time for ships leaving the Hudson's Bay to the shorter period, I do so having regard to the unavoidable delays that will attend the passage of vessels through the strait itself as well as the bay in July and October and on the assumption that freighters will not winter at those ports. And if the wheat for shipment by the bay is to be stored in the province instead of at the bay, then inasmuch as we have lines that will be open all the fall, all winter and all spring competing for its carriage it is difficult to conceive that it will remain in store here until the opening of the Hudson's Strait in July."

A POSSIBLE ROUTE.

"At the same time I will not deny the possibility of a commercial route being established by way of Hudson's Straits. Away in the far North-West future years the near future, I trust, will witness the settlement of a great population and an immense production, and when that shall take place the situation as to comparative proximity to the lakes and to Hudson Bay will in so far as that particular district is concerned be somewhat changed. Prince Albert which will be 915 miles from Fort William by the Manitoba and Northwestern railway when that road shall be extended, will not be more than 650 miles from Fort Churchill. Edmonton will be about 1000 miles to Churchill and about 1270 miles to Fort William by way of Prince Albert. When the country along the great Saskatchewan becomes filled with population and its boundless resources in grain and cattle are developed, then indeed there may be traffic offering itself to the Hudson's Bay route under conditions which would give it in respect of length of rail haul at least some advantage over the lake route."

A POSSIBLE SCHEME.

"In my judgement, however, the true conception of a Hudson Bay scheme, if it is ever to be realized, is one involving a great transcontinental line, and I believe in no other way, if at all, it can become a possible success. The further north one goes the shorter the distance of course is across the Atlantic from Britain and across the continent to the Pacific. From Liverpool to Churchill, which is about as far west as the meridian of Winnipeg, the distance is a little shorter than from Liverpool to Montreal and considerably shorter than from Liverpool to New York. From Liverpool to Vancouver by way of Churchill is shorter by over 1,500 miles than it is by the Canadian Pacific route. A road crossing the Rockies by the Yellow Head Pass to the coast would be a shorter still. And my conception of a Hudson's Bay route would be one having a line of railway not only from Churchill to Edmonton but extending from Edmonton to the Pacific by a more northerly route than the line of the Canadian Pacific. There are Imperial considerations which might be served by the construction of such a line. It may become important some day that a line through Canadian territory further removed from the international boundary than the present system, should be opened for transcontinental traffic. And I conceive it possible that such a scheme might demand Imperial consideration and command Imperial aid. The establishment of such a route would not, of course change the conditions that exist in Hudson's Straits, but one can imagine such a volume of transcontinental trade seeking that northern route that joined with the traffic of the great Canadian North West which is much nearer to the bay than to the lakes, when it shall be filled with a large population, it might pay to establish a shipping route to Europe through the strait, even if it were to be navigated for only the period, and with all the drawbacks stated. I reaffirm my decided conviction, however, that such a route can never, for the reasons I have stated, even if opened, be a factor in competing for the traffic of Manitoba, except possibly, the very north-western districts to which the railway system of the Province is now being extended."

The above is only a summary of the report, which consists of about 40,000 words.

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## ONTARIO ELECTIONS.

### ONTARIO MUNICIPALITIES ELECT THEIR 1899 RULERS.

#### Shaw Elected for Toronto and Teetzel for Hamilton by Good Majorities.

Toronto, Jan. 2.—The election today proved quite exciting in Toronto owing to the comparative closeness of the contest between Shaw and Macdonald. It was recognized that Macdonald was out of it, there being a heavy slump of his supporters to Shaw during the last few days, though it was still doubtful if he would not poll a heavy enough vote to allow E. A. Macdonald to get in. Macdonald was supported by all the more doubtful elements of the city and of course also by a considerable number of respectable citizens. Many voted for Shaw, a strong Orange Conservative, only as the lesser of two evils and because the impossibility of electing Macdonald was recognized.

The aldermanic contests were not very exciting. The only old alderman defeated was J. K. Leslie and F. A. Richardson, and the new men were all former members of the council, namely: Ex-Ald. W. T. Stewart, ex-Ald. F. S. Spence and ex-Ald. Steiner. The result by wards is as follows:

First ward—Frame, Frankland, Russell, Stewart.  
Second ward—Hallam, Lamb, Davies, Spence.  
Third ward—Sheppard, Saunders, Secor, Steiner.  
Fourth ward—W. Burns, Crane, Hubbard, Hanlan.  
Fifth ward—Denison, Woods, Dunn, R. H. Graham.  
Sixth ward—J. J. Graham, Gowans, Lock, Bowman and Lynd.  
The school trustees elections resulted as follows: by wards: First, Lobb and Clark; second, Allan and Noble; third, Baird and McKendry; fourth, Kent and Ogden; fifth, Burns and Holgson, by acclamation; sixth, Spence and Douglas.

Three money by-laws were carried in today's election also, namely: \$150,000 for remodeling S. Lawrence market; \$62,500 for erecting a new bridge over the Don and Queen streets; and \$10,000 for water front improvements.

**HAMILTON.**  
Hamilton, Jan. 2.—Few mayoralty contests have passed off so quietly as that of today. Both candidates were regarded as good candidates, or mayor, there being no special question on which the electors were divided; the issue was almost entirely a question of personal popularity. Teetzel proved the winner by a majority of 763, the total vote being: Teetzel, Q. C., 4,149; John Tilden, 3,446.

**LONDON.**  
London, Jan. 2.—The municipal contest in this city today was the most that has occurred for many years. The weather was fine and the travelling good, but the vote showed a large falling off from that of last year. Mayor Wilson was re-elected by a large majority over his three opponents. Bartram's vote was even smaller than that of the Socialist-Labor nominee and all the lady candidates for school trustees were defeated; they were all Socialists. Among the slain is Ald. Cooper, of ward four, who headed the poll last year in that section. The contest was not fought on political lines, but the aldermanic in this respect are evenly divided. The \$75,000 London West breakwater by-law was shown under by a vote of six to one. The vote for mayor was as follows: Dr. John D. Wilson, 2,932; Geo. Taylor, 1,441; J. F. Darch, Socialist, 667; W. H. Bartram, 96. This makes Mayor Wilson's plurality 1,555 and his majority 753 over all.

**RAT PORTAGE.**  
Rat Portage, Jan. 2.—The result of the municipal elections today is as follows: W. McCarthy, mayor, 180 majority; councillors, J. E. Rice, C. W. Belyea, J. W. Brantley, E. A. Sharpe, E. D. Tweedie, J. A. MacLure, J. W. C. MacLure, Richard Hall, Frank Gardner, school trustees, Central ward, W. A. McLeod, North ward, J. W. Pickett, South ward, M. Nicholson, acclamation; West ward, J. Carlson, acclamation.

**FORT WILLIAM.**  
Fort William, Jan. 2.—New Year's day was particularly lively in this town as the municipal elections were held today. There was unusual interest taken, especially in the mayoralty contest. The largest vote ever polled was that of today and up till the time of closing every effort was being put forth to get every available vote in. The weather was not severe, but a slight flurry of snow prevailed. The results were: Mayor, C. W. Jarvis, 45 majority; councillors, John Cooper, John Morton, Jas. H. Perry, J. T. Campbell, R. Allison, A. H. Brown, water and light commissioners, James Murphy, S. C. Young, J. J. Wells; school trustees, ward two, T. H. Graham, ward three, G. A. Graham; wards one and four had previously elected school trustees by acclamation. The Jensen contract was carried by a small majority. A by-law for \$5,000 for repairing streets was also carried.

**MAYORS ELECTED.**  
Toronto, Jan. 2.—The following mayors were elected in towns and cities:

Amherst—M. D. Graham.  
Alliston—Dr. McCullough.  
Amherstburg—J. A. Patton.  
Brampton—E. Milner.  
Burlington—M. Wells.  
Burlington—R. W. Johnson.  
Bowmanville—R. L. Loscombe.  
Brantford—W. G. Raymond.  
Bracebridge—John T. Thomson.  
Peel—Mayor Eden.  
Collingwood—J. H. Chamberlain.  
Cornwall—D. O. Aigue.  
Cobourg—E. C. S. Huyck.  
Chatham—T. A. Smith.  
Deseronto—E. W. Rathburn.  
Erie—Dr. B. W. Brown.  
Forestburg—W. O. Hay.  
Galt—J. H. Radford.  
Gananoque—W. B. Carroll.  
Georgetown—R. Thompson.  
Georgetown—R. E. Nelson.  
Harriston—Dr. S. M. Henry.  
Ingersoll—Walter Mills.  
Graveland—Chas. Mickel.  
Kincardine—Edward Ryan.  
Kincardine—Dr. Martin.  
Listowel—J. A. Hacking.  
Lindsay—Thos. Walters.  
Milton—J. S. Deacon.

Mitchell—A. Burritt.  
Midland—J. D. Hamill.  
Midland—S. A. Milligan.  
Napawan—R. P. Slater.  
North Bay—J. H. McNamara.  
Niagara Falls—R. P. Sater.  
Niagara—F. T. Pest.  
Owen Sound—W. S. McLehore.  
Oshawa—R. S. McLaughlin.  
Orillia—Thos. H. Shepard.  
Oroville—Dr. John Urquhart.  
Parkhill—M. Boyle.  
Paris—J. H. Fisher.  
Penetanguishene—D. J. Shanahan.  
Pembroke—Thos. Murray.  
Perth—A. C. Shaw.  
Port Hope—J. W. Quiblan.  
Peterborough—A. L. Davis.  
Petrolia—Chas. Egan.  
Pictou—James Clapp.  
Ridgeway—A. McKinley and John Renfrew—A. C. McKay.  
Reynolds, a tie.  
Sarnia—F. C. Watson.  
Stayner—Dr. A. McFaul.  
Sandwich—E. Girard.  
Seaford—B. B. Gunn.  
Smith's Falls—A. G. Farrell.  
St. Thomas—Patrick Meehan.  
Simcoe—William Sutton.  
Stratford—Jas. Hold.  
St. Catharines—M. Y. Keating.  
St. Mary's—J. Richardson.  
Tilsonburg—M. T. Burns.  
Thorold—Joseph Baile.  
Tyrone Junction—J. E. Laughton.  
Trenton—M. B. Morrison.  
Uxbridge—Wm. Forster.  
Wincham—Thos. Clegg.  
Welland—D. Hooker.  
Windsor—John Davis.  
Woodstock—Benson McNeil.  
Walkerton—Dr. Stalker.  
Waterloo—Geo. Diebel.  
Wallaceburg—D. A. Gordon.

**The Peace Movement.**  
Washington, Dec. 29.—A delegation presented to the president today two petitions, one from the great majority of the organized Prot at Christian churches of the world, and the other from the Pan-Presbyterian Alliance. Both petitions had been placed in charge of the Rev. Dr. William Henry Roberts, the American secretary of the Pan-Presbyterian Alliance, and with him the Rev. A. W. Potzer, of Washington, D. C., Rev. W. J. Barr, of Philadelphia, and the Rev. J. J. Drury, of New Brunswick, N. Y. The first petition was signed by the representatives of 145 national and denominational churches, existing on all the six continents. It asks for the reduction of the heavy armaments maintained by Christian nations: "Ready upon provocation, to go to war and settle their disputes by bloodshed," and also requests the influence of the government of the United States in favor of international arbitration as a substitute for war.

The second petition is from the Pan-Presbyterian Alliance which also united in the first petition, and which includes eighty national and denominational churches throughout the world. This second petition asks for "a permanent and peaceful method for the settlement of all controversies arising between the people of the British empire and the republic of the United States of America."

The president was congratulated on the result of the "rightful war" recently waged by the people of the United States in the cause of justice and humanity, and the divine blessing was invoked upon him as the man ordained by God in a great crisis in human history, to be the leader of the people, and also to be instrumental, through both war and peace, for the bringing of Christ's universal kingdom. The signers of these petitions represent more than eighty millions of Christians in all parts of the world, twenty-five millions of whom are Presbyterians.

The president responded cordially to the delegation, saying that he favored arbitration as between Great Britain and the United States. He also said that he had responded promptly to the call of the United States for disarmament, but that under present circumstances the armaments of the United States could not be lessened, but would in any event be less than would satisfy European nations.

**NEWS FROM DAWSON CITY.**  
Death of Harry Spencer—Rich Find on Victoria Gulch—Steamer Rescued.  
Victoria, Dec. 29.—J. McFadyen, correspondent of the New York Tribune, arrived from Dawson City last night. He reports the death of Harry Spencer, a well known and successful miner in the Klondike gold fields. He died on Thanksgiving day. He was a partner of Frank Dinsmore, who died in San Francisco in November, and W. McPhee.

News is also given of a new and very rich find on Victoria Gulch, which enters Bonanza between 18 and 19 above. Miners took out from \$18 to \$19 to the ton. The gulch is about four miles long.

Dawson, Mr. McFadyen says, is quiet and nothing of any great importance has occurred for some time. The miners are nearly all at work, and reports to the contrary notwithstanding, he believes that comparatively few will come out over the ice. He verifies the reports of the loss of the official mail, which Corp. Richardson was bringing out.

T. J. McNamara, who recently returned from Moosidee Creek in the Klondike district, tells of the finding of the complete skeleton of a mastodon on his claim. The bones have been removed with great care and an effort will be made by the finder to dispose of it to the Smithsonian institute, or British museum.

The steamer Danube, which arrived last night, brought the steamer Stafa, which broke down on her way to Victoria. She was drifting on dangerous rocks when the Danube hove in sight and took her in tow.

## HE SAVED SIX LIVES

### HEROIC WORK OF A GREATER NEW YORK BOY.

#### Joseph Brady Rescues His Mother, Brothers and Sisters From Almost Certain Death.

New York, Dec. 27.—Joseph Brady, aged 16, is in the Flower hospital in a critical condition, after having saved six lives from death by fire. His father, Louis Brady, was in his baker shop at 37 East 99th street at work early this morning, when fire broke out in his apartments over head. A clothes horse by the stove started it, and the flames ran rapidly through the rooms. Joseph's mother and five children became paralyzed with fright, and unable to move, clung screaming together in a back room. Young Joseph dragged his mother half choked by the blinding smoke, to a near window and hoisted her out. He carried the children one by one and dropped them through the window, which was but one story high. Then he went through the smoke and flames once more, perhaps not sure that all were out. When he turned to retreat he found the children barred by flames. Rushing through the front of the house he reached the plate glass door that opened upon the stairs which led to the street. The door was locked so he smashed it with his fist. The jagged glass tore in wrist and the blood spurted out from the severed artery. When he reached the street he was almost helpless from his exertions and loss of blood. The police had arrived by this time and Joseph was hurried to the hospital. He may recover.

## NEWS IN BRIEF.

**TUESDAY, JAN. 3.**  
Mayor Shaw was re-elected in Toronto.  
Senator Adams, of New Brunswick, is dead.  
The Duke of Northumberland is dead.  
Indications point to higher prices for wheat.  
General Gascoigne has been made a C. M. G.  
Ottawa has decided to have Sunday street cars.  
A terrible storm is raging in the Irish Channel.  
Woman suffrage was defeated in Victoria, Australia.  
Civic elections were held throughout Ontario on Monday.  
The black natives of Australia are rapidly decreasing.  
Lord Kitchener has again taken the field against the Khalifa.  
Thousands of Chinese are starving to death on the Yellow River.  
It is reported that Zola will be arrested by the British authorities.  
Paris is flooded and much damage has been done by win and water.  
Xunantze, the Chinese black flag leader, has again raised a rebellion.  
Heavy snow storms are reported in British Columbia and California.  
An Indian and his wife were burned to death in their wigwam at St. Bonifax.  
The Jennison water power bylaw was carried in Port Arthur and Port William.  
Montreal customs and inland revenue collections largely increased during 1898.  
British residents of Central China petition the home government for many reforms.  
The Toronto Rubber Shoe factory and a flour mill were burned at Port Dalhousie.  
John Peters, a well known Winnipeg beggar, dropped dead on Monday afternoon.  
Dreyfus will not be brought back to France for fear of riots and possible lynching.  
Russia has ordered the payment of 75,000,000 roubles to the Imperial Bank of Russia.  
Great Britain is negotiating with Spain for a coal station in the Balearic Islands.  
The Queen expresses a wish to die rather than witness war between Great Britain and France.  
The British America Corporation bought Le Roi mine and floated it in London for £1,000,000.  
Maritime provincial ministers are discussing the inland fisheries question with the Dominion government.

## SATURDAY, DEC. 31.

Natives of Guam resist United States authority.  
Senator Romero, Mexican ambassador to Washington, is dead.  
Russian papers advocate the French Panama canal scheme.  
The C. R. P. sold 351,779,017 acres of farming lands during 1898.  
Over \$500,000 of Winnipeg real estate changed hands during 1898.  
Mrs. Cordelia Botkin was found guilty of murder at San Francisco.  
The French fleet in Newfoundland waters is to be strengthened.  
There was an increase of 155 per cent. in homestead entries in 1898.  
Havans will be surrendered to the United States at noon on Sunday.  
Lord Curzon, the new viceroy of India, was welcomed on arrival at Bombay.  
Nearly 28,000 settlers were registered for Manitoba and the Territories in 1898.  
The Brazilian parliament approved an extradition treaty with the United States.

Montreal Street Railway company refuses to carry letter carriers after January 1st.

The C. P. R. rate from Toronto to Winnipeg will be \$34.40 after January 1st.

Eight miners were entombed in a Pennsylvania coal mine—five were rescued.

President Kruger has forbidden the celebration of "Jan'sou Day" on January 2nd.

China has acceded to French demands for exclusive right of settlement in Shanghai.

Winnipeg's population is nearing 50,000 according to Henderson's city directory.

The C. P. R. will run a fast transcontinental train to be called the "Imperial Limited."

The premiers of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island are visiting Ottawa.

Colonel Lewis defeated the remnant of the Dervish army after a long chase up the Blue Nile.

The British steamer Glen Avon was wrecked near Hong Kong—part of her crew are missing.

The new two-cent letter rate, applying to letters for Canada and United States, takes effect on January 1st.

The Toronto and James Bay railway commissioners recommend a route via Lake Temagami and Blanche river.

Chicago and New York parties are negotiating to purchase the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation company's steamers.

## FRIDAY, DEC. 30.

Lord Strathcona is ill with la grippe. Rebel victories are reported from Colombia.

John J. Day, father of the Montreal bar, is dead.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier writes a letter to Senator Dandurand expressing his confidence and esteem for Mr. Tarte.

A treaty between Canada and United States will be arranged when the international commission meets on January 5th.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 28.

Senor Sagasta is much improved. United States Senator Morrill is dead.

Andrew MacLennan, Galt's oldest citizen, is dead.

Pierre Ducheneaux was killed by a fall at Battleford.

A C. P. R. train was derailed by snow near Owen Sound.

Dewey is now senior admiral of the United States navy.

Gordon's flour mill at Wallaceburg, Ont., was destroyed by fire.

General Zurlinden denies the existence of a military plot in Paris.

Hilo has been surrendered to the mayor and the foreign consuls.

The Andree search expedition has returned from Siberia unsuccessful.

A mother and three children were drowned at Alexandria Bay, N. Y.

Settlers are steadily pouring into the Dauphin and Swan Lake districts.

A reign of terror exists in Havana. Many murders are being committed.

Mr. McEvay, of Hamilton, is appointed domestic prelate to the pope.

The first Lutheran conference ever held in America assembled at Buffalo, N. Y.

The worst storm in years is raging on the Pacific coast. Several lives are lost.

Installations of officers of the city Marine lodge took place on Friday night.

Eighty thousand Catholic German Bohemians have joined the Protestant church.

The Trade Review, Montreal, is suing the Journal of Commerce for \$25,000 damages.

A gold brick, valued at \$160, was produced from a lead near Ingolf—the first in Manitoba.

In North Hastings local bye-election Allan, Conservative, is elected by a large majority.

A New York boy, Joseph Brady, saved his mother and five brothers and sisters from a fire.

The election protest in East Elgin was dismissed. Mr. Brower, Conservative, retaining his seat.

A denunciation of the civil service asked Sir Wilfrid Laurier to grant the statutory increase.

James C. Dunham, accused of murdering a family in California in 1896, is arrested in Chicago.

United States newspaper publishers ask that print paper and paper pulp be placed on the free list.

Mr. Lougren, Liberal, is elected to the Ontario legislature for Nipissing by 343 majority, with several polls to hear from.

EMBARRASSMENT.

Definitions of a Feeling Every One Has Sometimes Had.

Have you ever—

Tried to save time in a barber shop by getting a shave with your three inch collar on?

Stepped off a moving cable car backward or tried to connect prematurely with one on a slippery pavement?

Taken off your hat to a lady, acquaintance in a preliminary canter on a bicycle?

Had a 300 pound lady repose gracefully on your pet corn in a crowded street car?

Rummaged all through your clothes, lost your temper and disgraced yourself in a vain endeavor to find the commutation ticket that was resting peacefully in your husband all the time?

Met your wife in the restaurant where you were treating the pretty typewriter to a lunch?

Tried to bluff on a pair of deuces when four aces was the best hand out?

Seen the horse you have bet your last cent on left at the post?

Stepped on the business end of a tack while waiting the baby to sleep at 3 a. m.?

If you have done any or all of these things you will know what embarrassment means.

Easily Located.

Mr. Sprocket—Pshaw! You can't even tell me the position of the crank on a tandem bicycle!

Mr. Sprocket—I can if you tell me where you usually sit.—Yonkers Statesman.

Slip Encouragement.

"Don't despair, Joe; there is plenty of room at the top."

"Yes; that statement, I've observed, is generally put forward by people who have never been there."—Nuggets.

All the Chicago aldermen have been summoned to appear before the grand jury.

W. R. Robertson, Opposition, was elected in Cowichan, B. C., by 54 majority.

Efforts are again being made to secure the release of Mrs. Florence Maybrick.

Fifty U. S. soldiers were placed under arrest at Havana for disobeying orders.

The Port Arthur-Fort William school case has been decided in favor of Fort William.

The Northwest Commercial Travelers held their annual concert and ball last night.

Vancouver Board of Trade recommended government aid to the White Pass railway.

King Menelik has hoisted the Abyssinian flag in the Soudan, 200 miles from Khartoum.

Samuel Parslow was sentenced to death for the murder of Isidore Poirier, at St. Canute, Q.

A company with \$1,000,000 capital proposes to supply Chicago with compressed air motors.

The anti-anarchist conference at Rome formulated a definite programme to suppress anarchism.

The preliminary trial of Czuby, the Galician murderer, began at the city police court yesterday.

A proclamation is published requiring all travellers to Yukon to carry with them ample food and money.

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"Yes; that statement, I've observed, is generally put forward by people who have never been there."—Nuggets.

## NEW POSTAGE RATES

### THE PROCLAMATION APPEARS IN TODAY'S GAZETTE.

#### The Two Cent Rate Applies to Letters One Ounce in Weight for Canada and United States.

Ottawa, Dec. 30.—The question has been raised by some outside postmasters and inspectors whether the new two-cent postal rate applies to letters going to the United States, because the act of last session is silent on this point, and the instructions sent out from the department by circular did not mention the United States. It is the fact, however, as already stated, that the two-cent rate does apply to letters going to the United States. The postmaster general has authority under the post office act to make an agreement with the United States that the domestic postage of each country shall carry letters to the other, and under this arrangement the two-cent rate in the United States has always carried letters to Canada, and whatever domestic rate is fixed for Canada, three cents in the past, two cents in the future, is the lawful postage on letters going to the United States. In this matter under the postal agreement with the United States there is now complete reciprocity in a two-cent rate.

The proclamation which will appear in tomorrow's Gazette announcing two-cent postage will recite the statutory authority for the reduction and ordain that after January 1, 1899, "The postage rate payable on all letters originating and transmitted by post for any distance in Canada shall be one uniform rate of two cents per ounce weight."

Washington, Dec. 30.—The Canadian government, in a telegram from Postmaster General Mulock to Postmaster General Smith, announces that it has reduced the domestic letter rate from 3 to 2 cents per ounce, commencing January 1. Under the convention between the United States and Canada letters are sent from this country to Canada for two cents, the domestic rate of each country applying to each letter sent. The reduction now made is reciprocal and for the first time permits letters to be sent from the other side at two cents instead of three cents. Postmaster General Smith at the request of the Canadian government calls the attention of all postmasters in the country through the Associated Press to the reduction and to its taking effect on New Year's day, with a view to preventing matter so sent being charged up as "short paid."

Ottawa, Dec. 30.—To the list of countries already published, included in the imperial penny postage scheme, the following are added: Hong Kong, Straits Settlement, Bey, Ceylon, Seychelles, Gambia, Sierra Leone, Gold Coast Colony, Lagos, Gibraltar, St. Helena, Fiji, Falkland Island, Trinidad, Tobago, Windward Islands, Leeward Islands and Cyprus.

Toronto, Dec. 30.—The announcement of the two-cent letter rate in Canada and the United States was welcome news to the merchants this morning. Members of the board of trade have agitated for it for years, but it was feared the concession would not be made for years to come and it was sprung on the public as a surprise this morning. Toronto is by long odds the biggest postal centre in the Dominion, outstripping Montreal by a considerable percentage, and the reduction will mean a good deal for many firms.

Toronto, Dec. 30.—A special cable to the Globe states: Among the first batch of letters posted under the new imperial schedule at Christmas were eight for Canada, one of which was marked, "Thank Heniker Heaton for this." The English newspapers generally, however, while giving much credit to Heniker Heaton for his efforts in connection with the imperial penny postage say that the early realization of the scheme is due to Canada.

Since the new rate came into operation 5,000 out of the 41,000 letters to various countries affected have been overpaid. Nineteen-twentieths of the letters for Canada were properly stamped.

Hamilton, Dec. 27.—The Tackles of Hamilton made their regular Christmas distribution to their employees. Charles Meyers was the fortunate recipient of a building lot for twenty-one years' service with the firm and a handsome cheque towards the erection of a house.

Paris, Dec. 27.—M. Loew, president of the criminal chamber of the court of cassation, spent two hours at the ministry of the interior this afternoon taking the testimony of M. Dupuy, the premier, in the Dreyfus case.

Sentences at Hull.

Ottawa, Dec. 27.—Benjamin S. Stackhouse, a dentist, at the Hull assizes got three years in pen



JOHN ARTHUR'S WARD, OR THE DETECTIVE'S DAUGHTER

By the author of "A Woman's Crime," "The Missing Diamond," etc.

CHAPTER XXIX. A STARTLING EPISODE.

Claire Keith had said truly that the woman across the way would prove interesting to her.

She grew more and more fond of watching for the tall form, with its trailing robes of black, its proudly-poised, heavily-lashed head, and slow, graceful movement. Sometimes she saw a white hand pull away the heavy curtains, and knew that the owner of the hand was looking out upon the street. But the face was always in shadow. She could not catch the slightest glimpse of it.

"She has strong reasons for not wishing to be seen and recognized; I wonder what they are," Claire would soliloquize at such times.

Then she would chide herself for being so curious. But the fits of wondering grew stronger, until she came to feel an attraction that was more than mere curiosity; a sort of proprietorship, as it were, in the strange lady. She began to wish that she might know her, and at last, in a very unexpected manner, the wish was gratified.

Claire had returned from a grand ball, weary and somewhat bored. Disrobing with unusual haste, she sought her couch. She had supposed herself very sleepy, but no sooner was her head upon the pillow, than sleep abandoned her, and she tossed restlessly, and very wakefully.

Finding sleep impossible, and herself growing nervous, Claire at length arose. Throwing on a dressing gown, she pushed a large chair to the window, and flinging herself in it, drew back the curtain.

Gazing across the way, she was startled by a light shining out from the upper windows of the mysterious house. She had looked at that house when quitting her carriage, because to look had become a habit. But there had been no light then; not one glimmer. And now the entire upper floor was brilliantly illuminated.

Claire rubbed her eyes and looked again. Then with a cry of alarm, she sprang to her feet and rang her bell violently.

From the roof of the house a single flame had shot up and Claire realized the cause of that strange illumination. The upper floor was in flames!

She turned up the gas and commenced making a hurried toilet. By the time the sleepy servant appeared in answer to her ring, she was wrapping a worsted shawl about her head and shoulders preparatory to going out.

"House papa and the servants, James!" she commanded, sharply. "Number two hundred is on fire! Go instantly!"

Giving the startled and bewildered James a push in the direction of her father's sleeping-room, she darted down the stairs. She unbolted and unchained the street door, and hurried straight across to number two hundred, where she rang peal after peal.

The tiny dame had grown a great one by this time, and almost simultaneously with her ring at the door, the hoarse fire-alarm bell roared out its warning.

It seemed an age to the girl before she heard bolts drawn back. Then the face of an elderly male servant peered cautiously out through a six-inch opening. In sharp, quick tones, Claire told him that the roof was in flames. The statement seemed only to paralyze the man.

Claire gave the door an excited push and spoke to him again. But he never moved until a voice, that evidently belonged to the lady of the house, said: "What is it, Peter?"

Claire answered for him: "Madame, the roof of your house is in flames! Alarm your servants and make your escape!"

Through the doorway Claire saw a white hand laid on the man's shoulder, and suddenly he became galvanized into life.

Then the chain fell, and the door opened wide.

Claire and the mysterious lady were face to face.

By this time the people were moving in the street, and from the windows of Claire's home, lights were flashing.

The woman drew back at the sound of the first footstep, and seemed to hesitate, with a look of uneasiness upon her face. Instantly Claire spoke the thought that had been in her mind when she rang the bell: "Madame, your house will soon be surrounded by strangers. Secure such valuables as are at hand and come with me across to my home. There you will be safe from intruders."

The lady raised her hand, and saying, simply, "Wait," hurried up the broad stairs.

Now all was confusion. Down the street came the rushing fire engines; servants ran about frantically, and people went tearing past Claire in the crazy desire to seize something and smash it on the paving stones, thereby convincing themselves that they were "helping at a fire." Regardless of those, Claire stood at her post like a sentinel. As the first fire engine halted before the house, the mistress of all that doomed grandeur crossed its threshold for the last time.

Then she turned to Claire, and the two hurried silently through the throng, and across the street. The door was fortunately ajar. The servant and Mr. Keith were all outside, so the girl and her companion had been unobserved.

Claire led the way straight to her own room. Ushering in her companion, she closed the door upon chance intruders, and turned to look at her. The stranger had appeared at the door in dressing-gown of dark silk, and this she still wore, having thrown over it a long cloak, and wrapped about her head, so as to entirely conceal her features, a

costly cashmere shawl. This she now removed, and revealed to the anxious gaze of Claire the face of a woman past the prime of life—a face that had never been handsome, but which bore unmistakable signs of refinement and culture in every feature. The eyes were large, dark-gray, and undeniably beautiful. The hair was wavy and abundant; once it had been black as midnight, but now it was plentifully streaked with gray. The face was thin and almost colorless. The hands were still beautiful, with long slender fingers and delicate veining; the very best ideal of aristocratic hands.

This much Claire saw almost at a glance. Then the lady said, in a low, sweet voice that was in perfect unison with the hands, and eyes, and general bearing:

"I cannot tell you, dear young lady, how much I thank you for your courage and hospitality. I could not have endured the going out upon the street in that throng."

Claire laughed softly, and said, with characteristic frankness: "I guessed that, madame, for I must confess to having, on more than one occasion, seen that you do not desire observation."

The stranger looked at her with evident admiration. "You were kinder and more thoughtful for a stranger than I have found most of our sex, Miss—; I beg your pardon; I am so much of a hermit that I don't even know your name."

"My name is Keith—Claire Keith."

Then the girl crossed to the window and looked over at the burning building, while the stranger sank wearily into a chair.

"Your house is going fast, madame. I fear nothing can be saved," said Claire. "The upper floor is already gone."

The stranger smiled slightly, but never so much as glanced out at her disappearing home.

"I hope my landlord is well insured," she said. "As for me, I have my chiefest valuables here," drawing from underneath the cloak, which she had only partially thrown off, a small casket, and a morocco case that evidently contained papers. "I keep these always near me; as for the rest, there is nothing lost that money cannot replace."

Claire looked a trifle surprised at the indifference to the destruction of her elegant furniture, but made no answer.

And the stranger fell into thoughtful silence.

A rap sounded on the door, and a gentle voice outside said: "Claire, dear, are you there?"

The girl turned upon the stranger a look of embarrassed inquiry. "That is mamma," she said.

The lady smiled sadly at her evident perturbation, and replied, with a touch of dignity in her tone, "Admit my mother, my dear. I was about to ask for her."

Claire drew a sigh of relief and opened the door.

"My child," began Mrs. Keith, as she hurriedly entered the room, "James tells me that you—"

Here she broke off as her eyes fell upon the stranger, and Claire hastened to say: "Mamma, this is the lady whose house is burning. I ran over there as soon as I saw the first flame and asked her to come here."

Mrs. Keith was not only a lady, but a woman of good sense, and she turned coolly toward the intruder, saying: "You did quite right, my dear. I trust you have not been too seriously a loser by this misfortune, madame."

The lady had risen. Now she stepped forward and said, in her unimpaired, high-toned tones, "I have suffered no material injury, I assure you. And your daughter has done me a great kindness. I was about to ask if I might see you, as I felt that it was to you, as the mistress of this house, that I owed some explanation regarding myself, before accepting further hospitality from your daughter."

Mrs. Keith bowed gravely, and the stranger continued:

"My name is Mrs. Ralston. I have lived for nearly ten years a secluded life, having been an invalid. Messrs. Allyn & Co. are my bankers, and have been for years. Mr. Allyn is an old family friend. If you will ask your husband to call upon him, you will be assured that I am not a mysterious adventuress."

Mrs. Ralston smiled slightly, and Mrs. Keith smiled in return as she said, cordially: "Your face and manner assure me of that, Mrs. Ralston. And now will you not permit me to show you a room where you can rest a little, for it is almost morning, and your night's repose has been sadly disturbed?"

"I must accept your hospitality, Mrs. Keith, and ask to be allowed to intrude upon you until I can communicate with Mr. Allyn, and he can find me a suitable place of residence."

"Don't let that trouble you, pray. We shall be happy to have you remain our guest," and Mrs. Keith turned to leave the room.

Mrs. Ralston held out her hand to Claire, and that impulsive young lady clasped it in both her own, as they bade each other good-night. And so the mysterious lady was actually under the same roof with the girl who had been so much interested in her and her possible history.

Mrs. Allyn was well known to Mr. Keith, and a man whom he highly esteemed. On the following day, at the request of Mrs. Ralston, he called at the banking-house of Allyn & Co.

On learning that Mrs. Ralston was the guest of his brother-in-law, and of the demolition of her house, Mr. Allyn was doubly surprised. And his statement concerning the lady was not only satisfactory but highly gratifying. She had been left an orphan in her girlhood, and was from one of the oldest and proudest of Virginia's old and proud families. She had now no very near relatives, and having separated from a worthless husband, had lived mostly in Europe. She had resumed her family name, and although the husband from whom she had withdrawn herself, had squandered nearly half her fortune, she was still a wealthy woman. He spoke in highest terms of praise of her mind and accomplishments, and assured Mr. Keith that she was not only a woman of unusual refinement and culture, but one also of loftiest principles and purest Christianity. It was not that it would be the very place where this worthless husband would be likeliest to find her, he would not allow her to occupy any home of his own. And, lastly, Mr. Allyn stated that if he, Mr. Keith, could prevail upon Mrs. Ralston to remain under his roof, he would do Mr. Allyn a great favor.

"For," concluded that gentleman, "she lives too secluded, and she is so well fitted for such society as that of your wife and daughter; she is a woman to grace any household."

Mr. Keith returned home and faithfully reported all that he had heard concerning their guest.

Claire had been very much in love with the graceful, stately lady from the first, and after a morning's chat with her, Mrs. Keith was not far behind in admiration.

And the woman who had lived alone so much, found this cheery little family circle very pleasant, so when Claire and her mother begged her with much earnestness to remain with them, she did not refuse.

"I cannot resist the invitation which I feel to be sincere," she said. "I will remain with you for a time, at least, but I am too much of a hermit to tarry long where there is such a magnet as this," turning to Claire.

And Claire laughingly declared that she would forsake society, and don a veil of any thickness, if only Mrs. Ralston would share her isolation.

So she stayed with them, and soon became as a dearly loved sister to Mrs. Keith, while between herself and Claire an attachment, as unusual as it was strong, sprang into being. They drove together, read together, talked together by the hour, and never seemed to weary of each other's society.

Enthusiastic Claire wrote to Olive and Madeline, giving glowing descriptions of her new found friend. But because of the events that were making Olive and Madeline doubly dear to her, and because she could not speak of them to a stranger, however loved and trusted, Claire said little to Mrs. Ralston of her sister or of the little heroine of Oakley.

CHAPTER XXX. WAITING.

The expert who had been tracing out the goings and doings of Percy, made his report.

After it had been thoroughly reviewed by Clarence and Olive, they were forced to confess that they were not one whit the wiser. The detective had found how and where Percy had squandered much of his fortune, but had brought to light absolutely nothing that could be of use to his employers. And so they abandoned the investigation in that direction.

But when the report of the Professor's case was sent in, they found more cause for congratulation. First, it had been discovered that the Professor had visited three different physicians, all of them bearing reputations, not over spotted. Next, he had made sundry purchases from two different chemists; and third, last and all important, he had been dogged to the bazaar of a dealer in theatrical wares, where he had purchased a wig, beard, and other articles of disguise.

Two days had passed since the above discoveries were reported. Then the detective called upon Dr. Vaughn and informed him that Mr. Davlin and the Professor, the latter disguised with wig, beard and spectacles, had taken the early morning train that very day, and that he, the detective, had been lurking so near that he heard Davlin call for two tickets to Bellair.

Three days later, Olive received the following letter, which speaks for itself:

"Oakley, Wednesday Evening.

"Dear Olive:—

"The engagement has opened in earnest.

"Last evening, Mr. D. and I, Doctor, between them, frightened the two nats' out of the house. This morning I succeeded in scaring away the old house-keeper, which made a shortage in servants. Old Hagar happened along just then by some chance, and declared herself not at all afraid of contagion so Madame bade her brother employ her. The cook remains, as Monsieur and I Doctor must eat.

"My meals are served in Madame's dressing room, and shared by that lady.

"Courage, my friend, our time is almost here. And I am yours till death, M—"

This letter was perused by Olive and Clarence with almost breathless eagerness and interest. And then they found themselves once more waiting eagerly for fresh tidings from the "seat of war," as Clarence termed it.

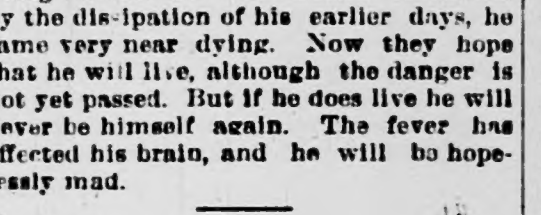
At last came a letter from Madeline that aroused them as the clarion stirs those arrayed for battle. It ran as follows: bearing neither date nor signature:—

"To Arms, My Friends!

"If you were among the village gossips to-day, this is what you would hear, for it is what is fast spreading itself through the town: 'The lady up at the mansion has been very ill, but is now better. Her husband took the fever from her, and being old and his constitution enfeebled by the disipation of his earlier days, he came very near dying. Now they hope that he will live, although the danger is not yet passed. But if he does live he will never be himself again. The fever has affected his brain, and he will be hopelessly mad.'"

(To be continued.)

Nice For Miss Prim.



Hello, Jerry! Where 'ave you left your best girl?

'Er she is, matey. That's 'er. I'm just a-goin to catch 'old of 'er.'—Ally Sloper.

Full Out.

'Have you got all you want for the cycling tour?' asked his wife.

'Yes, I think so—the lamp, the spanner, the oil—yes.'

'I knew you'd forget it,' she remarked—"the most necessary thing for a trip. Here!" And she handed him the court plaster.—Nuggets.

The Best Thing.

Weak-minded Parent (seeking magisterial advice)—If you please, sir, I want to know what punishment you would advise for a hot-headed boy?

The Magistrate (who believes in Solomon's golden rule)—Teach him that extremes meet. Birches are sixpence each.—Ally Sloper.

Unfortunate Mary Wollstonecraft.

Conspicuous among the brilliant and beautiful women of her time was the lovely and every way unfortunate Mary Wollstonecraft Godwin, the first agitator of the question of "woman's rights." No woman, with the exception of Mme. de Staël, made so great an impression on the public mind. Her new and startling doctrines were seized with an avidity scarcely credible at this day, and her famous book, "The Vindication of the Rights of Women," was the theme of the most universal praise and abuse.

Thomas Paine, the author of "The Rights of Man," was one of her familiar acquaintances, but their intercourse was an argument, their views neither on this subject nor any other coinciding. In these arguments Paine either lost his temper or became sulky, and the woman champion won an easy victory.

Until her marriage with Mr. Godwin she was the friend of Mrs. Siddons, but she, with the majority of her admirers, declined to sanction this union, for she had married some years before an American called Imray, to whom she had been a most devoted wife. The man, however, took advantage of the fact that the marriage was only a civil one, performed in Paris, and deserted her. She then married Mr. Godwin, but this act placed her in a position no charity could explain away. Death, however, soon covered her faults with a pitiful oblivion. She left an infant daughter a few hours old, who afterward became the wife of Percy Bysshe Shelley.—Exchange.

Those Black Eyes.

"The small son of the people," says the Philadelphia Record, "and his little sister were inside the great West Philadelphia church for the first time."

"Um—m—my! but it's a beaut place," he whispered. "I bet people wot belong here comes every time dey can." Her breath came to her in little gasps. Her soiled little finger pressed on his with thrilled intensity. Her eyes feasted on the splendid chancel. "Heaven mus' be nex' door," she said. They hardly moved throughout the service, and never once let go each other's hands, for it was as a strange land. At last the sweet voiced procession of choir boys came down the aisle. At its head was a slim young seraph, with a face as fair and pure as the linen he wore. Faint, dark circles beneath his eyes completed the ethereal effect.

"Is dem angels?" the little girl began, but stopped short, surprised at the look on her brother's face.

"Dat kid in front's Bill Griggs, wot I licked last week fer swiping 'tings from ole Mrs. Maguire's apple stand. He ain't got over dem black eyes I gev 'im yet. Come on, let's git out." His face was stern and set as they went. She furtively wiped a tear.

Field and the Street Arabs.

McClure's Magazine relates the following anecdote of Eugene Field, whose fondness for children was his dominant trait:

Never was a man more devoted to his wife. Nevertheless on the day that made her his he was guilty of keeping her waiting for him at the church. The bride party had assembled and were rapidly becoming uneasy. At length, after an anxious delay, some one went out in search of the missing bridegroom.

He was found on the street a short distance away, down on his knees in the mud, absorbed in settling a dispute between two small street arabs, which had arisen over a game of marbles. Listening with eager interest to the testimony vociferated at either ear by the belligerent parties and their friends and trying to evolve a peace compromise out of a very lively quarrel, he was abruptly reminded that just then he had something more important to attend to, and hastened penitently away to make his anxious bride Mrs. Field.

She Was Unduly Excited.

Bishop Selwyn was a hard worker and never spared himself. He was one day seizing an hour's much needed sleep on the bench of a little roadside station in Derbyshire, en route for a confirmation. A lady of some social distinction and her daughter were on their way to the same rite, the daughter as a confirmee. They went to the solitary porter and said they were afraid to pass the drunken man on the platform, to which the porter replied in tones of much solemnity, "If you please, my lady, it's the lord bishop!"—Mainly About People.

England's "Rose Regiment."

The custom of wearing roses in their headgear by the Lancashire regiment on the anniversary of the battle of Minden originated in a curious manner. On the day of the battle, Aug. 1, 1759, the men passed through a field of roses, each man plucking a rose and placing it in his bonnet, wearing the flower during the fight. This commenced the custom which obtains at the present day of wearing roses on the anniversary of the battle.

The Sultan's Throne-room.

The throne-room of the sultan at Constantinople is a gorgeous sight. The gilding is unequalled by any other building in Europe, and from the ceiling hangs a superb Venetian chandelier, the 200 lights of which make a gleam like that of a veritable sun. At each of the four corners of the room tall candelabra in baccarat glass are placed, and the throne is a huge seat covered with red velvet, and having arms and back of pure gold.

Rosebery's Definition of Memory.

Here is a jolly mot of Lord Rosebery's—would one ever expect mots from Lord Rosebery?—told in our garden by a woman who heard him say it at a dinner. Some one asked him what memory was. "Memory," said Lord Rosebery, "is the feeling that steals over us when we listen to our friends' original stories."—Harper's Bazar.

The SIMPSON Co. Limited

GOODS TO THE SEASON.

IT'S not enough that this store should give you goods at a price that makes it a money object for you to buy here. We do that, or else you would not, in such large numbers, take the trouble to mail us your orders this long distance. We make it a feature of this store news that it shall tell of goods you want at the time—goods in season—timely goods. That's the spirit of the lists that follow—prices right—goods timely.

PRINT SECTION.

200 DRESS LENGTHS Finest Qualities. Percales and Nap Back Wrappercettes. Latest styles and choice colorings, our regular price 12 1/2 per yard, but up nearly with bands, each length contains 10 yards. Special for 1.00

LADIES' WOOL UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' Fine Ribbed Natural All-Wool Vests, shaped waists, high neck, long sleeves, open fronts, silk lace in neck. 50

Ladies' Plain Unshrinkable Natural Wool Vests, buttoned across shoulder or down front and long sleeves. Drawers ankle length to match. 50

CHILDREN'S HOSE.

Boys' Extra Heavy 2 1/2 Ribb Wool Hose, with special heel and toe, made of a fine soft pure wool yarn, size 6 to 10 in. special value at 40c.

Children's 8-Fold Knee Ribbed Cashmere Hose, with double sole, heel and toe made very elastic and heavy, of good pure wool, suitable for boys or girls. 25

Children's Fancy Silk Embroidered Cashmere Hose, full fashioned, double heel and toe, embroidered in small neat design, size 5 to 8 1/2. price, according to size, 35c to 1.00.

Boys' Extra Heavy 2 1/2 Ribb English Worsted Hose, made of best 4 ply yarn, full fashioned, just the thing for winter weather. A hose that would be good value at 60c, our special price. 50

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

Men's Fine Blue and Black Imported English Beaver Overcoats, in single or double breasted style, lined with the former's satin and pillars sleeve linings, finished with deep velvet collar and silk stitched edges, regular \$7. sizes 34 to 44, Saturday. 5.00

Men's Heavy All-Wool Frieze Ulsters, in black, brown and dark grey, lined with heavy wool, two button, made heavy lapped seams, double stitched, half belt on back, large storm collar, with tab for throat, sizes 35 to 46, a warm, 7.50

Men's Extra Heavy Wool Frieze Ulster in blue, black and heather mixtures, lined with fancy plaid wool lining, with satin saddle back, made with deep French facings, extending under the arms and over the shoulder, deep storm collar, with tab this coat is also guaranteed waterproof, sizes 36 to 44, regular \$10.00. 8.50

Boys' Red River Overcoats, in blue and black Mackintosh cloth, made with cap lined with red flannel, seams piped and trimmed, some with blue and some with red, sizes 2 to 7 years. 3.75

TABLE LINENS.

2 x 2 1/2 yards Tablecloth, with border all around, guaranteed superior quality and grass bleach, double damask and satin full, special. 30

finish. In the newest dot and floral special. 1.75

One dozen Table napkins to match the above cloth in quality and design, size 25x35 inch, special for 1.75

MEN'S AND BOYS' FURS.

Boys' Choice Grey Lamb Caps, heavy and evenly furled, nice even curls, in dark, medium or light shades, silk 2.50

and satin linings, very special. Men's and Boys' Imitation Persian Lamb Caps, wedge or Dominion shapes, with blue or even curls, special. 50

Boys' wedge shape, even, heavy and dark fur, lined with best quality brown 6.50

satins, sizes 7 to 7 3/8, special. 5.00

Men's Fur Caps, in Australian Wallaby lined, special quality, quilted Italian, deep storm collars, fur heavy and even, full 50 in. long, regular \$20. 16.00

special. Men's Choice Quality Battle Sea Drilling Caps, adjustable peaks and sliding bands, lined fancy satin, regular \$3.50 cap, special. 3.00

Grey Goat Carriage Robes, made from selected grey goat skins, fab large size, lined with specially imported fancy fur, deep plush, deep felt trimmings, 6.50

special. BIBLES AND HYMN BOOKS.

A special line of Bibles, leather bound, clear print, red, gold edges, maps. 50

Hymns, ancient and modern, with music, good, clear print, on blue paper, leather binding, special. 1.00

CATHOLIC PRAYER BOOKS.

A large variety of Catholic Prayer Books at all prices. Our dollar line represents some choice books. Key of Heaven, Garden of the Soul, Catholic Piety and Vest Pocket Prayer Books, in Morocco, calf and other bindings, yapped or plain edge, clear print, good paper, 1.00

extra value. CURTAINS & WINDOW SHADES.

Nottingham Lace Curtains, in handsome design, white or ivory, 1 1/2 yards long, in floral and artistic effects, 3 1/2 inches wide, taped or colbert edges. 1.25

Swiss Curtains in handsome applique work, 3 1/2 yards long, 50 in. wide (white only), very effective designs. 3.25

special. Chenille Curtains in handsome colors and combinations, dade top and bottom, heavy fringed ends, in green, gold, terra cotta, crimson, blue, etc. 2.50

special. Curtain Poles, in assorted color woods with wood of brass trimmings, size 1 1/2 x 5 1/2 in. walnut, oak, cherry and mahogany finish, special. .21

Opaque Window Shades, in cream or green, size 37 x 70, mounted on Hartman spring roller, complete with pull, special. 30

The SIMPSON Co. Limited

SECTION 52. TORONTO.

THE TATTLER.

Mrs. Evangelina Cisneros Carbonell has been in Havana.

Mrs. Eloane never shops. Goods are sent to her house for approval.

Emma Eames takes great care of her voice and says she "lives by the thermometer as most people do by the clock."

Mrs. Russell Sage is interested in her husband's many business projects and has for many years made a careful study of the "street" and its stocks.

Miss Jennie Robert, who has a stock farm on Long Island, has graduated from the veterinary school in Alfort, France.

Mrs. Eliza Hendricks, widow of the former vice president, is managing her husband's estate so well as to earn the title of "the best business woman in Indiana."

Mrs. William C. Whitney's charities in Washington, Mass., have not been forgotten by the townspeople, and at the Methodist church there recently prayers were offered for her speedy recovery.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis, though in the seventies, is a well preserved woman and a fine type of the old school southern lady. The routine of her life has for years remained unchanged, but her once famous wit is as brilliant as ever.

Lady Alice Montagu, who will spend this winter in New York, is one of the twin daughters of Consuelo, duchess of Manchester. She was the most admired of all the belles of the past London season and is noted for her beauty.

Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt is one of the few wives of political notabilities who share their husbands' enjoyment of cartoons. Mrs. Thomas Platt has said that she sometimes fears to open a paper; so, too, Mrs. Russell Sage. But Mrs. Roosevelt has made quite a collection of the multitudinous representations of the rough rider.

PEN, CHISEL AND BRUSH.

Benjamin Constant, the French painter, has just finished a portrait of Mme. Calve. It will be exhibited at the next salon.

One of the first things that Israel Zang will did when he arrived in Chicago was to go to the Jewish quarter and visit his old friend and playmate, Abraham Halprin.

Lady Butler, the artist, whose "Roll Call" made her famous, sums up the early vicissitudes of that picture thus: "Rejected and damaged; rejected; accepted and skied."

Hal Caine says in a Boston interview: "I have read criticisms on myself for having uttered opinions of my own work. 'The Christian,' where really I have maintained an absolute silence. I have never given my views on the subject, nor can I do so consistently."

Sir Walter Besant celebrated his sixtieth birthday on Nov. 1. The event calls to mind that he has never suffered any of the hardships which were the lot of so many of his contemporaries in fiction. From the very beginning he has found a ready market for his work.

Frederick Macmonnies, the sculptor, in speaking of the group of "War" which he is at work on for Prospect park, Brooklyn, said: "Whatever the war has done for the country, it has done me no doubt good and given me fresh inspirations and

Impressions for a lifetime."

James Whitcomb Riley thinks the lot of a poet a hard one. In a recent interview he said: "If you're called as witness in a lawsuit, some little attorney squares himself off and says with withering scorn: 'Let me see, you're a poet, are you not? H'm, yes. Gentlemen of the jury, the witness is a poet—and your testimony is killed dead as a door nail.'"

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

The trying yellow spots frequently left by sewing machine oil on white goods may be removed by rubbing the stain with a cloth wet with ammonia before washing with soap.

In buying gingham for kitchen aprons or for other purposes where wear is a first consideration avoid the browns. There is something about the dye that rots the goods. The blues that border on the indigo wear best and wash best.

A simple expedient to alleviate the fly nuisance is to sponge the window and sill with a strong solution of carbolic acid. Do this while the sun is shining and the flies are most plentiful. They will, it is said, die at once and in numbers. The brushing may be repeated several times.

A correspondent of Farm and Fireside recommends salt-dry, coarse salt—free from lumps for cleaning unpainted floors. Sprinkle a couple cups of salt on the floor, then sweep the floor in one direction. The broom may be slightly dampened. This method will not remove grease spots, but it will dispose of dust as if by magic.

POULTRY POINTERS.

Millet seed is an excellent feed for Hute chickens.

Do not get pullets too fat. Keep them growing, bony and muscular.

In nearly all cases the more active the brood the less liability to fatten.

Under ordinary conditions a pullet that matures so as to begin laying in November can be depended upon for a good sister in the spring.

One decided advantage in buying and breeding stock in the fall is that there is a better chance of getting the best selections at lower prices.

So far as is possible, give a good variety of feed. Frequent change of diet is the best way of getting the chickens to grow rapidly and mature early.

Peking ducks are preferable both as market fowls and egg producers. With good treatment they will lay 16 or 15 dozen eggs yearly, and by good feeding can be made to weigh five pounds when 10 weeks old.—Exchange.

OVER THE OCEAN.

The chip on France's shoulder appears to have been securely tied to prevent accidents.

The champions of Norwegian independence are gaining ground rapidly, and their dream of separate nationality may be realized in the near future.—Buffalo Courier.

Spain asks damages of the Clyde ship-builders because the torpedo destroyers did not come up to expectation. The defense will be that the men to run them were not in the contract.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.



## Brushes!

A large and well assorted stock of hair brushes, cloth brushes, tooth brushes, nail brushes, shaving brushes, &c.

## Pipes!

A beautiful line of merschaum and briar pipes with genuine amber mouth pieces, in leather-finished cases.

## Perfumes!

A well assorted stock of Seeley's and Taylor's perfumes at right prices.

A Few Toys Left and Selling at Cost.

## TURNBULL & McCULLOCH.

The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, JANUARY, 6 1890.

### LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

School re-opened on Tuesday after the Christmas holidays.

Mr. Lusk will be in his studio until the end of next week. -Advt.

Miss Ella Scott returned home last week from Spokane Falls, Washington.

Mr. Jas. Leask, of Regina, spent New Year's Sunday with his step-son, Fireman Wm. Bailey.

Miss Mabel McLeod arrived from Brandon Wednesday morning on a visit to Moose Jaw relatives.

Never get tight—And advertise.

Two thousand and sixty-one patients were treated in the Winnipeg general hospital during 1889.

The price for the best granulated sugar is now 17 pounds for \$1.00 at the Model Grocery Store. -Advt.

Mr. A. S. Binns, representing Messrs. R. J. Whitt & Co., Winnipeg, was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

While skating on the river one day last week, Miss Lizzie Hood accidentally fell and broke her collar bone.

The Regina Trading Co., Ltd., is contemplating the opening of branch stores at Saskatoon and Rosthern.

On January 1st the Canadian Pacific Railway advanced the first-class fare between Toronto and Winnipeg by \$1.05.

If you are not getting 20 lbs. of light brown sugar for \$1.00 come to the Model Grocery Store. This is our regular price. -Advt.

Last Saturday Mr. W. C. Sanders, J.P., sent a gentleman of leisure to Hotel de Lunan, Regina, with a certificate for three months' board and washing.

Miss M. Chivers, of Winnipeg, returned home on Monday after spending Christmas week with her brother, Rev. J. S. Chivers, incumbent of St. John's.

Mr. Alex. Matheson, of M. J. MacLeod's gent's furnishing store, left last Monday on a two months' visit to Montreal, Toronto and other eastern cities.

The last meeting of the 1889 town council was held on Monday evening. The minutes of the previous meeting were confirmed and the council adjourned.

Green's restaurant seems to be filling a long felt want. Mr. Green's window display of Xmas cakes and prepared meats has been the subject of a good deal of comment during the past few days.

Up to the present date some 33,000 bushels of wheat have been marketed at Rosthern, about one-third of the estimated export quantity grown in that settlement last season. -Prince Albert Advocate.

Mr. and Mrs. Dixon, of Indian Head, spent New Year's in Moose Jaw as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hamilton.

Mr. and Mrs. Dixon were married at Indian Head on Dec. 29, and came to Moose Jaw on their honeymoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Franks returned home this week from Winnipeg, where they had been spending a month's holiday with friends. During Mr. Franks' absence his position in Supt. Milestone's office was occupied by Mr. F. Statham.

The Farmers' Advocate Christmas number is now in circulation. The number is a handsome one, profusely illustrated with half-tone engravings and most interesting in its reading matter. The cover presents a bird's eye view of the Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition grounds.

Dan Murray, who was charged with stealing \$75.00 from the Ottawa bar last Friday, appeared before W. C. Sanders, J.P., on Saturday and was committed for trial. T. C. Johnstone, Crown Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown, and W. H. Willoughby for the defence. At the conclusion of the trial a point arose as to whether the Justice had power to accept bail, but the discussion was dropped upon Mr. Sanders remarking that he would not accept bail if he had the power.

Yea, verily, girls are of few days and full of mischief, and whosoever is deceived thereby is not wise. When the fair one cheweth gum with much haste and stampeth her pretty foot with much vigor, then beware. She cometh forth in the evening with a low neck and short sleeves, but in the morning she lieth in bed while her mother husheth. She eateth all winter of the devoted young man's oysters and partaketh with glee of his sleigh rides; but when the gentle spring time cometh she winketh the other eye and goeth with a new beau. -Ex.

Mr. "Teck" McDonald left last Monday to spend the winter at his old home in Ontario.

In future Dr. Size will be in his Moose Jaw dentistry from the 3rd to 21st of each month. See advt.

H. Ferguson and A. E. Matheson, of Moose Jaw, registered at the Leland, Winnipeg, on Wednesday.

Mr. J. U. Munns left last Friday night to visit his parents in the east. He will return shortly with Mrs. Munns and family.

Mr. Laird arrived from Regina last Saturday and commenced his duties as teacher of the Senior Intermediate on Tuesday.

It is our sad duty this week to record the sudden death of Dora, the 13-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Crebo, which occurred on Wednesday, Jan. 4th.

Conductor G. Corey and wife, of Calgary, stopped over at Moose Jaw yesterday while en route home from the east. While in town they were the guests of Mr. Robt. Hunt.

Mr. Jno. R. Green has secured part of the premises occupied by Jno. Brass, next door to the Union Bank, and has opened up an office as general agent for the Manufacturers' Life. See advt. in another column.

A party from Moose Jaw, including the Misses Ostrander, Miss Nora Stevenson, Miss Wallace and Messrs. Parry and Cafferata, attended the ball at the Barracks last evening as the guests of Mrs. Walter Scott. -Leader.

Mr. G. M. Annable has purchased the livery stable on River St. from Mr. Henry Bates and will in future conduct it as a feed and sale stable. "Mack's" many friends will be glad to see him back at the old stand.

Brakeman Ed. Baxter, of Rat Portage, returned to Moose Jaw this week. Traffic is rather slack on the Rat Portage division just now and twelve train crews have been laid off. Traffic is also slackening up on this division, but as yet no crews have been laid off.

Mr. S. M. Reid, of Winnipeg, was in town this week in the interests of Meikle, McLean & Co., piano dealers and importers of musical merchandise. During his stay here he did considerable business and has appointed Mr. E. H. Moorhouse to act as local agent for the firm.

Huron Expositor: Mr. R. McCartney, of Moose Jaw, arrived here last week and will spend the winter with friends. Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Thomson, his mother and sister, Mrs. Tuxford, are also expected here this week. There is no better proof of good times in the North-West than seeing the people coming over and spending the winter in Ontario.

Peg leg Brown, accused of the murder of Policeman Tooley, at London, may have to be taken back to the State of Washington, and formally extradited. Through what was thought to be a clever scheme, he was got across the border without the preliminary of extradition, and his counsel lodged a protest with the Attorney-General of the United States.

Of the wheat crop of 1889, 6,000,000 bushels have been shipped out via Port William, and 1,500,000 via Duluth. About 4,000,000 bushels are held in elevators west of Winnipeg, and 1,500,000 bushels are held in the elevators at Port William, Keewatin and Winnipeg, including what has been turned into flour, making a total of 13,000,000 bushels of the new crop brought to market to date. Some of the wheat in store is still owned by the growers. At the close of navigation in 1890, over 9,000,000 bushels of the crop had been shipped out. The country produced, it is estimated, about one-third more wheat this year than last, so there must be a large quantity yet to be sold.

Although a very busy man, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., has found time in which to write a great book of over a thousand pages, entitled, "The People's Common Sense Medical Advisor, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified." Few books printed in the English language have reached so great a sale as has this popular work, over 680,000 copies have been sold at \$1.50 each. The profits of this enormous sale having repaid its author for the great amount of labor and money expended on its production he has now decided to give away, absolutely free, 500,000 copies of this valuable book, the recipient only being required to mail to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., of which company he is president, 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only, and the book will be sent post paid. It is a veritable medical library, complete in one volume. It contains 1008 large pages, and over 300 illustrations, some of them in colors. The free edition is precisely the same as that sold at \$1.50 except only that the books are bound in strong manilla paper covers, instead of cloth. It is not often that our readers have an opportunity to obtain a valuable book on such generous terms, and we predict that few will miss availing themselves of the unusual and liberal offer to which we have called their attention.

**BIRTHS.**

HANNAH.—At Moose Jaw, on Sunday, Jan. 1st, 1890, to the wife of Wm. Hannah, a son.

MORRISON.—At Moose Jaw, on Wednesday, Jan. 4th, 1890, to the wife of D. Morrison, a daughter.

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

**DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER**

Awarded Highest Honor, World's Fair Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

## Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company.

### SOUND.

Assets.....\$1,396,446.00  
Liabilities.....\$1,103,080.23

### PROGRESSIVE.

Began business 1887; had in force end of 1897 \$11,867,220.00 insurance.

### LIBERAL.

90 per cent. of its surplus earnings are returned to its policy holders.

Every person should protect his family by purchasing a policy in this company. For full particulars as to rates, plans, etc. apply to

**JNO. R. GREEN,**  
General Agent for Assiniboia,  
Moose Jaw, N.W.T.

Caron post office has been transferred from Jas. Candier to William Robinson.

Mr. Cryderman, C. P. R. agent at Swift Current, was the guest of his sister, Mrs. John Bellamy, on Monday.

"Tommy" Jones, who was relieving baggage man Frank Statham on the Soo line, returned this week to Qu'Appelle.

As a result of a visit to the North-West during the past summer of four farmers from Minnesota and Wisconsin, the Department of the Interior is advised that 200 families from the states named will move to the Territories next spring. They have decided to locate in four townships in the Beaver Lake country, which is east of Edmonton.

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets—A gentle tonic that increases the gastric juices, regulates the bowels, assists nature in digesting the food, which gives the nutriment that makes good rich blood and nerve force, builds up the broken walls that disease has bombarded, forces the enemies of health to capitulate and sue for a truce. 35 cents. Sold by Turnbull & McCulloch.

Mr. Hugh Ferguson left on Monday on an extended visit to Scotland. Rumor has it that Mr. Ferguson will wed a former Moose Jaw lady who now resides near Toronto, and consequently the Brass Band turned out and gave him a send off. It is quite possible that there may be no truth in the rumor for it is not the first time that a similar report has went the rounds regarding Mr. Ferguson's intentions.

Mr. H. C. Gilmore, who is now at Ontario, California, for the winter, writes the Huron Expositor from that place on Dec. 24th as follows: "Ontario is a beautiful little town of 3,000 inhabitants, situated on the southern Pacific range, in the orange belt. It is beautiful to see the orange and lemon trees loaded with fine yellow fruit. The weather is very warm and dry; the thermometer stands from 60 degrees to 70 degrees in the shade through the day and goes down to 40 degrees at night. This place is thirty miles to the south-east of Los Angeles and has a great many Ontario people in it. I have met with people from Tuckersmith and Clinton and almost all parts of Ontario."

**Moulding-Arneson.**

A pretty wedding was solemnized at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Hunt, River Street, on Tuesday, Jan. 3rd, 1890, when Mrs. Hunt's sister, Miss Inga Arneson, daughter of Thos. Arneson, of Fargo, N.D., was married to Mr. Geo. Moulding, of the C.P.R. - Rev. W. A. Vrooman tied the nuptial knot. Miss May Burns acted as bridesmaid and Mr. D. McGillivray as best man. The bride was made the recipient of a large number of costly and useful presents.

**The Boharm Correspondent.**

You have a correspondent  
Who is full of childish glee,  
For his wondrous mock productions  
Have aroused the town, you see.

The citizens say, surely  
Who could write such little tattle,  
But the man who has just lately  
Sold nearly all his cattle.

No dairy meetings now on hand  
To take up his attention;  
For some weeks he's been busy with  
This council—fake invention.

So he took it to the meeting  
Just after it was printed,  
And while the preacher spoke the truth,  
"Oxforddown" sat and squinted.

The meeting being over,  
The first man out around,  
With his little bit of paper,  
Was the meek-eyed Oxforddown.

"Did you see the last weeks items  
In the Times?" "It's pretty good."  
The people nudged each other  
And you bet they understood.

No doubt your correspondent is  
A literary wonder;  
But please, sir, do advise him,  
To keep still over Sunday.

—OBSERVER.

**Wesley Sunday School Entertainment.**

The annual Christmas entertainment held in Wesley church Dec. 25th was a most distinguished success. Tisay that the church was packed is a mild statement. When floor space was all occupied people stood on each other's toes. Every one was in good humor and a large quantity of excellent tea and cake and pastry was disposed of before eight o'clock. At that hour Mr. S. K. Rathwell, superintendent, took the chair and for two hours the audience was charmed with a various and entertaining programme. It would be a perilous task to endeavor to record or compare the various numbers. Some were of course better than others, but we shall mention no names. The motion songs of the children and the anthems by the choir were very praiseworthy. Mrs. Sheppard, who had charge of the training of the children, deserves great credit and should be congratulated on her skill and ability. At the close a very fine assortment of presents was taken from the Christmas arch and distributed to the members of the Sunday School. Such evenings show that a great amount of musical and literary talent may be found on the prairie and that progress and prosperity are everywhere manifest.

## On a Gift Hunt?

A hunt through our stock will reveal a great many new things for Xmas. See our easels, screens, sleighs, music cabinets, and a great variety of case goods, hall racks, couches, etc., etc. We have also a nice line of pictures, picture frames, paper racks, etc. Allow us the privilege of showing you our goods, we know we can please you.

**JNO. BELLAMY**

**Miss Lusk**

**DRESSMAKER.**

Will be pleased to receive orders for dresses at Mr. W. N. Mitchell's late residence, two doors west of Methodist church. Prompt attention and satisfaction guaranteed. A trial respectfully solicited.

**Miss Lusk.**

**50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE**

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